The Adams Sentinel.

A Family Journal---Devoted to Foreign and Domestic News, Politics, Literature, Agriculture, Education, Morality, Science and Art, Amusement, Advertising, &c &c.

At $2,00, if paid in advance,— Or $2,50 if not paid in the year.

ROBERT G. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Advertisements $1.00 per square for 3 weeks; " " 25 " for each cont.

"RESIST WITH CARE THE SPIRIT OF INNOVATION UPON THE PRINCIPLES OF YOUR GOVERNMENT, HOWEVER SPECIOUS THE PRETEXTS."—*Washington.*

VOL. LIX. GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, APRIL 4, 1859. NO. 22.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN pursuance of sundry writs of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court-house in the borough of Gettysburg, on *Saturday the 9th day of April next* at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described Real Estate, viz:

A TRACT OF LAND, containing 27 ACRES, more or less, situate in Butler township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of Samuel Diehl, Noah Miller, John McIlheny, and others, on which

are erected a new two-story Frame Weather boarded House, a new one story Frame Weather-boarded Brick-building attached, with out house and Fruit-trees. Seized and taken in execution as the property of ELIZABETH A. and GEORGE ALBERT.

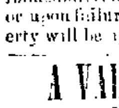
ISAAC LIGHTNER, SHERIFF.

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, March 14, 1859. ts

☞Ten per cent. of the purchase money upon all sales by the Sheriff must be paid over immediately after the property is struck down, or upon failure to comply therewith the property will be again put up for sale.

A VALUABLE STALLION FOR SALE.

THE subscriber has for sale, on accommodating terms, a Valuable STALLION, of the Rockingham breed—about five years old—17 hands high, and heavy built.



Terms will be made known on application to me, two miles west of Cashtown. F. STOCKSLAGER.

March 7. 4t

NOTICE.

Estate of Maxwell Shields, deceased.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of MAXWELL SHIELDS, Esq., late of Liberty township, Adams county deceased, having been issued to the subscribers, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said Estate to call and settle the same; and those who have claims, are desired to present the same, properly authenticated, for settlement.

The first named Administrator resides in Hamiltonban, the latter in Liberty.

JAMES H. MARSHALL,
JOHN MUSSELMAN,
Feb. 21.—6t *Administrators.*

NOTICE.

Estate of Enoch Hamilton, deceased.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of ENOCH HAMILTON, late of Franklin township, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in Cumberland township, he hereby gives notice to persons indebted to said Estate to call and settle the same; and those who have claims are desired to present the same, properly authenticated, for settlement.

JOSEPH BAYLY, Adm'r.
Feb. 28. 6t

NOTICE.

Estate of Frances Wilson, deceased.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of FRANCES WILSON, late of Berwick Borough, deceased, having been granted to the subscribers, residing in Berwick Borough, they hereby give notice to persons indebted to said Estate, to call and settle the same; and those who have claims, are desired to present the same, properly authenticated, for settlement.

GEO. WILSON,
JOSEPH GRAFF,
Feb. 28.—6t *Administrators.*

Grand Jury---April Term.

Franklin—Wm. D. Gobrecht, Samuel Lohr, Samuel Bucher.
Gettysburg—Robert McCurdy, John L. Holtzworth, Samuel G. Cook.
Union—Jacob G. Baseloar.
Hamiltonban—Peter Shively, Daniel Mickley.
Cumberland—David Wisler, Isaac Deardorff.
Straban—John Thomas, Isaac T. Brinkerhoff.
Butler—Jeremiah Dieal.
Freedom—John McCleary, John Bigham.
Huntington—Sebastian Stitzell, Benjamin Shelly.
Berwick—Michael Carl.
Conowago—Francis Krichton.
Liberty—Michael Slaybaugh.
Germany—John Colestock.
Mountpleasant—Abraham Reever.
Mountjoy—Samuel B. Miller.

GENERAL JURY

Menallen—Barnhart Myers, John Knouss.
Union—Levi Mous, Wm. Unger, John Kendig.
Franklin—Peter Adams.
Mountjoy—Moses Hartman, Henry Biddlemoser.
Germany—John McIlvaine, E. F. Shorb, Joseph Fink.
Gettysburg—Samuel Herbst, David Sterner, Wm. Wisotsky.
Tyrone—Joseph Trostle.
Mountpleasant—John Hauptman.
Cumberland—Henry Butt.
Liberty—John M. Taylor.
Oxford—Henry Kuhn, Michael Slagle.
Hamiltonban—John Bennet, John Butt.
Straban—John N. Graft, John Dickson.
Hamilton—Peter Wehler, John Lynch, Michael Dellone.
Latimore—Singleton Riggle, David S. Beales.
Berwick—Cyrus Wolf.
Butler—Jesse Houck.
Conowago—Edward Slagle.
Reading—Jacob Wolff.
Berwick Bor.—Joseph Wolff.
Freedom—David Rhodes.

SUGAR, Coffee and Molasses, just received by *Gillespie & Thomas.*

BONNETS, Ribbons and Flowers, of every variety, and to suit every taste, to be found cheap at SCHICK'S.

VIOLINS, Flutes, Fifes, Accordeons, etc at PICKING'S.

FLOUR & FEED, for sale by GILLESPIE & THOMAS.

TOWNSHIP OFFICERS,

Elected on Friday, March 17th, 1859.

From the "Compiler."

GETTYSBURG.—Judge, David Sweeney; Inspectors, Jerome Walter, Charles M. Tate; Assessor, Nicholas Weaver; School Directors, J. L. Schick, Solomon J. Welty; Burgess, William King; Town Council, Jacob Sheads, James A. Thompson; Constables, John Barrett, Solomon E. Taylor.

BERWICK BOR.—Judge, George H. Baker; Inspectors, Nicholas Carns, Edward Wenschoff; Assessor, John M. Wolf; School Directors, Edward Spangler, Wm. L. Gitt, Emanuel Haie.

BERWICK TWP.—Justice of the Peace, John Elder; Judge, Michael Carl; Inspectors, Edward Enlet, Elijah Kepner; Assessor, Jacob Hull; School Directors, Jesse Katebaugh, Samuel Brown, Bernard Noel 2 years, John McCauley 1 year; Supervisors, Jacob Sterner, Cyrus Wolf; Auditor, Jonas Rinehart; Clerk, Daniel Bucher; Constable, John Miller.

BUTLER.—Justice of the Peace, George B. Hewitt; Judge, Wm. Crum; Inspectors, Noah Miller, Daniel Menges; Assessor, Henry Carson; School Directors, Stephen Weidner, and a tie between Jonas B Orner and Elias Gardner; Supervisors, Peter Lupp, Jacob B. Trostle; Auditor, a tie between C. B. Banes and Samuel Hoffman; Clerk, Jacob Peasyl; Treasurer, Henry Fehl; Constable, Henry Peasyl.

CONOWAGO.—Justices of the Peace, John Busbey, Jr., Michael Reily; Judge, Thomas McKinney; Inspectors, A. Aulabaugh, Thomas A. Wymon; Assessor, John Smith; School Directors, George Krug, John Herr; Supervisors, Jacob Adams, John Metzler; Auditor, Abraham Keagy; Clerk, Francis Krichten; Constable, Anthony W. Clunk.

CUMBERLAND.—Justices of the Peace, Henry Clutz, David Shriver; Judge, David Heagy; Inspectors, John Keefauver, George B. Stover; Assessor, Isaac D. Shriver; School Directors, James McCullough, John Curcens; Supervisors, Edmund Sandoe, George Culp; Auditors, Jeremiah Biesecker, John Musser 1 year; Clerk, William G. Black; Constable, Jacob Kuntz.

FRANKLIN.—Judge, Abraham Hart; Inspectors, Adam Rebert, Jacob Bushey; Assessor, Israel Little; School Directors, Peter Kettemin, Jacob Mark, James Linn 2 years, Joseph Rebert 1 year, Benj. Deardorff 1 year; Supervisors, Henry Deardorff and a *tie* between Jacob Lady and Jacob Keckler; Auditor, Thomas F. Grammer; Clerk, George Beamer; Constable, Israel Mickley.

FREEDOM.—Judge, Jacob Meese; Inspectors, Daniel D. Hesson, James Bigham; Assessor, John Cunningham; School Directors, John McCleary, Daniel Sheets; Supervisors, Jacob Myers, George W. Scott; Auditor, John McCleary; Clerk, James A. Currens; Constable, John Crouse.

GERMANY.—Judge, Paul Koontz; Inspectors, Lewis Stonesifer, Solomon Sell; Assessor, John G. Byers; School Directors, Martin Steffy, Jacob King, Daniel Sell 2 years; Supervisors, Martin Hoff, William Fesser; Auditor, Wm. F. Crouse; Clerk, Alonzo Sanders; Constable, Christian Reck.

HAMILTON.—Judge, William Wolf; Inspectors, Silas Miller, John H. Flickinger; Assessor, George A. Jacobs; School Directors, Emanuel Hull, Albert Sterna, Daniel Bair 1 year; Supervisors, John Snyder, George Moul; Auditor, Charles Rebert; Clerk, A. K. Stoner; Constable, George Moul.

HAMILTONBAN.—Judge, Phineas Rodgers; Inspectors, Daniel Snyder, Ebenezer McGinley; Assessor, Robert Watson; School Directors, James H. Marshall, Enoch Kepner; Supervisors, Augustus Heitzel, Jacob Hoke; Auditor, David Stewart; Clerk, E. T. Rinehart; Constable, Charles J. Sefton.

HUNTINGTON.—Justice of the Peace, James Davis; Judge, Francis Coulson; Inspectors, John Deardorff, Moses Bower; Assessor, William Peters; School Directors, John Day, J. H. Neely; Supervisors, Peter Myers, Abraham Shafer; Auditor, A. A. Wierman; Clerk, John H. Stephens; Treasurer, John Gardner; Constable, Peter F. Smith.

LATIMORE.—Judge, George Albert; Inspectors, John C. Hoecht, Michael Asper; Assessor, Andrew L. Coulson; School Directors, Moses Van-syoc, Abraham Ziegler, Washington Powers 1 year; Supervisors, Howard Heikes, Samuel Fickel; Auditor, George Robinette; Clerk, Jonathan Breneman; Treasurer, Nathan Smith; Constable, Wm. F. Bonner.

LIBERTY.—Judge, E. R. A. Moore; Inspectors, Samuel Krise, Joseph Bollinger; Assessor, David Martin; School Directors, E. R. A. Moore, and a *tie* between John Clark and S. C. Walker; Wm. A. Grayson 2 years, John Welty 1 year; Supervisors, John Smith, Henry Wertz; Auditor, Jeremiah Overholtzer; Clerk, Grier N. Grayson; Constable, John Shank.

MENALLEN.—Justices of the Peace, Thomas Blocher, John Burkholder; Judge, Elijah Wright; Inspectors, Wm. Rice, Paul Powers; Assessor, Solomon Beamer; School Directors, Andrew Bittinger, Josiah Wickersham, John Walbey; Supervisors, Wm. B. Wilson, Jago Deyle; Auditor, Jacob Pitzer; Clerk, John Cullings; Treasurer, Michael Bender; Constable, John McCreary.

MOUNTJOY.—Judge, James Reaver; Inspectors, Peter Baker, Josiah Bowers; Assessor, Wm. Eline; School Directors, John Eckenrode, John Miller, John Sheely 2 years; Supervisors, Jacob H. Feeser, Edward Collins; Auditor, John Rebert; Clerk, John Larimer; Constable, Abraham Garber.

MOUNTPLEASANT.—Justice of the Peace, Joseph Lilly; Judge, Rufus Weaver; Inspectors, George Y. Hoffman, George Y. Hemler; Assessor, Henry J. Bender; School Directors, Samuel Shorb, Andrew Little; Supervisors, John Smeringer, Peter Stallsmith; Auditor, Phineas Marsden; Clerk, George Hagarman; Constable, Jacob Cashman.

OXFORD.—Judge, John Ginter; Inspectors, Daniel Felix, James Hersh; Assessor, Lawrence Oaster; School Directors, John Clunk, Simon Slagle; Supervisors, Peter Clunk, Andrew Wolf, Sr.; Auditors, John Lawrence, Richard Adams; Clerk, James Robinson; Constable, Edward Weigle.

READING.—Justice of the Peace, Henry A. Picking; Judge, Lewis Chronister; Inspectors, John Shriver, William Deardorff; Assessor, Emanuel Neidich; School Directors, Thomas N. Dicks, John King—for Hampton district, John L. Brenizer, Jacob Wolf; Supervisors, Samuel Orndorff, Abraham Chronister; Auditor, Michael Philips; Clerk, Samuel Heinard; Treasurer, Peter Aulabaugh, Jr.; Constable, George H. Dutterer.

STRABAN.—Judge, D. C. Brinkerhoff; Inspectors, Walter T. Hoffman, John Haverstock; Assessor, Jacob Toot; School Directors, John Bushman, Moses C. Benner; Supervisors, John Taughinbaugh, Thomas Bower; Auditor, Samuel Gilliland; Clerk, Jesse McCreary; Constable, Lewis A. Bushman.

TYRONE.—Justice of the Peace, Peter Hummer; Judge, Henry Spangler; Inspectors, Jacob N. Bollinger, Uriah Gardner; Assessor, William Spangler; School Directors, Jonas Sterner, George Yeatts; Supervisors, Rudolph Dietrick, Cornelius Hartman; Auditor, Peter Yeatts; Clerk, Jesse Stahl; Treasurer, Jacob S. Hollinger; Constable, William Hewitt.

UNION.—Judge, Edward Shorb; Inspectors, Daniel Whaler, John Hostetter; Assessor, Edward Wildasin; School Directors, Edward Rebert, Jacob Fry, Jacob M. Bollinger; Supervisors, Jeremiah W. Gobrecht, Benjamin Forrey; Auditor, William Sterner; Clerk, William Unger; Constable, John Ordner.

Choice Poetry.

ANGELS ARE WITH US.

In the deep calm of night we sit —
Once loving friends around us flit,
Their shadowy forms for ever will
Hover around: they're with us still.

We think of them, so kind, so true,
We muse, and thoughts gush ever new
From out our swelling hearts; and then
We see the angel forms again.

The angels teach us not to trust
Ourselves to man, for "flesh is dust,"
But unto God, for comfort all,
To look, and not to be afraid.

Around the glorious Throne they stand,
In that holy, happy, better land;
And hopes are breathed by angels there,
Fond hopes that we may kneel in prayer,

That God may take us to His home—
And still the shadows round us come,
And as we kneel to pray, we hear
Their joyful song rise high and clear.

Angels are with us, hovering near,
Tenderly making our life-path clear,
They guide our steps with holy care,
Angels are with us—everywhere!

NEAR THEE.

I would be with thee—near thee—ever near thee—
Watching thee ever, as the angels are—
Still seeking with my spirit power to cheer thee,
And then to see me, but as some bright star,
Knowing me not, but yet oftimes perceiving
That when thou gazest I still brighter grow,
Beaming and trembling like some bosom heaving
With all it knows yet would not have thee know.

I would be with thee—fond, yet silent ever,
Nor break the spell in which my soul is bound;
Mirrored within thee as within a river;
A flower upon thy breast and then the ground!
That, when I died and unto earth returned,
Our natures never more might parted be;
Within thy being all mine own inurned—
Life, bloom and beauty, all absorbed in thee!

Miscellaneous.

Plant Trees.

Plant trees for yourselves, your children, your neighbor, and generations to come.—Plant trees for orchards of luscious fruits. Plant trees around your dwellings, and by the roadside; it will make home more pleasant and happy. Don't ask yourself if it will pay three or six per cent. a month, for the first or second year. If trees are planted and cared for, they will soon pay even more than money at six per cent. a month.—They will pay in luscious fruits and rich foliage. They will improve the appearance of your farms and dwellings. Don't delay planting trees, for 'procrastination is the thief of time.' It will not only steal your time, but will cheat you out of many a basket of rich fruit. Don't delay because your means or territory is small. Plant a few; give them good culture, and they will soon richly repay you with a bountiful harvest. Don't delay because somebody has got a big orchard, and fruit will be so cheap that it won't sell for anything.—Good fruit will pay, and it will always pay, besides giving health and happiness to thousands. Plant trees, vines, and flowers! Live as though life was worth having! Where can we be more happy than under our 'own vine and fig tree, with no one to molest or make us afraid?'

Cross Words.

"OH," said a little girl, bursting into tears upon hearing of the death of a playmate, "I did not know that was the last time I had to speak *kind* to Amy."

The last time they were together she spoke *cross* to her, and her thought of that last cross word now lay heavy on her heart.

This suggests a good rule about kind words. Speak kindly to your father, or your mother, or your brother, or your sister, or your playmate, or your teacher, or the poor, when you are speaking to them, lest it may be *your last time* to speak to them. Cross words are very, very sorrowful to think of.

What the American Children Eat.

A correspondent of the Poughkeepsie Daily *Democrat* states that 'while visiting a school in Montreal, he asked the teacher if there were any American children there. She said there were, and she could tell them by their pale faces, bright eyes and nervousness. They learnt quicker, but lost so many days during the term from sickness, that they did not get along as fast as those who were able to be present constantly. He also took occasion to examine their luncheon baskets, and found the American fare to be a piece of mince pie, the same of pound cake, two doughnuts, a pickle, and a cold sausage; while the English, Irish and Scotch children had either two days' old bread and meat, bread and butter, or bread and apple-butter with nothing else.'

Be Truthful with Children.—Some people tell lies to children with a view of enjoying a laugh at their credulity. This is to make a mock at sin, and they are fools who do it. The tendency in a child to believe whatever is told, is of God for good. It is lovely. It seems a shadow of primeval innocence glancing by. We should reverence a child's simplicity. Touch it only with truth. Be not the first to quench that lovely truthfulness by falsehoods.

☞Instead of retaliating upon the man who calls you a villain, a liar, or a thief, coolly inform him that you have not sufficient confidence in his veracity to believe him.

Children.

A house full of children composes as powerful a group of motives as ever moved a heart or hand; and the secret of many a gallant struggle and triumph in the world's battle may be found throned in its mother's lap at home, or done up in a little bundle of white flannel. A nation's hope, before now, has been found in a basket of bulrushes. Get ready to be afraid of the man that children are afraid of, and be sure that he who hates them, is not himself worth loving.

THE GIRLS OF 1776.—The following has been rescued from a newspaper published at the time of the Revolution: "The following droll affair lately happened at Kinderhook, New York: A young fellow, an enemy to the liberties of America, going to a quilting frolic, where a number of young women were collected, and the only man in the company, began his aspersions on Congress as usual, and held forth some time on the subject, till the girls, exasperated at his impudence, laid hold of him, stripped him naked to the waist, and instead of tar, covered him with molasses, and for feathers took the downy tops of flags which grew in the meadow, and coated him well, and then let him go. He has prosecuted every one of them, and the matter has been tried before Justice Schoonmaker. We have not, as yet, heard his worship's judgment. It is said that Parson Buel's daughter is concerned in the affair."

☞A good story is told of the wretched writing of a certain very celebrated Railroad manager in Michigan. He had written a letter to a man on the Central route, notifying him that he must remove a barn that in some way incommoded the road, under the penalty of prosecution. The threatened man was unable to read any part of the letter but the signature; but he took it to be a *free pass* over the road, and used it for a couple of years as such, none of the conductors being able to dispute his interpretation of the document!

Breaking Bad News Gently.—During the summer of 1849, a Mr. James Wilson, of West Jersey, died with cholera while some fifty miles from home. John Rodgers was employed to convey the dead body in a wagon to his friends at home. By inquiry, he learned the precise house of the deceased. On driving to the door he called to a respectably appearing lady, who was in fact the newly-made widow, and asked:

"Does Mr. Wilson live here?"

"Yes," was her reply, "but he is not at home to-day."

"I know he's not at home now, but he will be very soon, for I've got him here dead in the wagon!"

Economical People.—The customers of a certain cooper in a town out West, caused him a vast deal of vexation, by their saving habits and persistence in getting all their old tubs and casks repaired, and buying but little new work. 'I stood it, however,' said he, 'until one day old Sam Crabtree brought in an old 'bunghole' to which he said he wanted a new barrel made. Then I quit the business in disgust!'

☞Piccolomini, the Italian songstress, was recently kissed at the Spencer House, Cincinnati, by a gentleman who mistook her for his cousin. Somewhat startled she retreated to her room, but enjoyed the incident hugely when it was explained to her. It had frightened her at first, she said, in her attractive Tuscan English, but she added: 'Ze keess did me no 'arm; indeed, it vas not dees—vat you say elt is?—dees-agrable."

☞An old Dutch proverb says "stealing never makes a man rich." The simple old Dutchman who got up the proverb knew nothing of the exploits of office-holders under Buchanan's Administration.

Effects of Wearing Shawls.—We see it stated that stoop-shouldered men are on the increase, attributed to wearing shawls—the wearer being compelled to "hump himself" by folding his arms upon his breast. We give the information gratuitously to a number of friends who are in the habit of wrapping themselves up in this feminine garment.

☞"Say, Pomp, you nigger, where you get dat new hat?" "Why, at de shop, ob course." "What is de price of such an article as dat?" "I don't know, nigger—I don't know—*de shop keeper wasn't dar.*"

☞"John," said a victimized husband, "how I wish it was as much the fashion to trade wives as it is to trade horses." "Why so Pete?" "I'd cheat somebody most shockin' bad afore night."

ENGLISH AND FRENCH.—An Englishman would live twenty years in a house without knowing his neighbors; a Frenchman would know all of them in twenty-four hours. Let the sociable Frenchman be planted among the tattooed islanders of the South Sea, and in two years he would be found tattooed; put an Englishman in the same position, and he would be king of the island in that time.—[*Kossuth.*

☞TIGHT.—Mr. Pullup coming home late, "pretty full," finds the walk slippery, and exclaims, "V-ver-very sing'lar; wh-wh-whenever water freezes, it allus fr-freezes with the sl-slippery side up; singular."

☞The wives along the Mississippi never *blow up* their husbands. They leave it all to the steamboats, which are sure to do it, sooner or later.

Manuring in the Hill

A Sausage Story.—An old friend of our's—one sick and tired of the care and bustle of a city life, has retired into the country, and 'gone to farming,' as the saying is. His land albeit well situated and commanding sundry fine prospects, is not so particularly fertile as some we have seen—requiring scientific culture and a liberal system of manuring to induce an abundant yield. So far by way of explanation.

Once upon a time our friend being upon a visit to New Orleans, was attending an auction sale down town, and as it so happened, they were selling damaged sausages at the time. There were some eight or ten barrels of them, and they were 'just going at fifty cents a barrel,' when the auctioneer, with all apparent seriousness, remarked that they were worth more than that to manure land with. Here was an idea. 'Sixty two and a half cents—third and last call—gone!' retorted the auctioneer. 'Gosh takes them at sixty-two and a half cents per barrel!'

To have them shipped to his country seat was the immediate work of our friend, and as it was then planting time, and the sausages, to use a common phrase, 'were getting no better very fast,' to have them safe underground and out of the way, was his next movement. He was about to plant a field of several acres of corn—the soil of the piny wood species—so here was just the spot for this new experiment in agriculture, this new wrinkle in the science of geodonics. One 'link' of sausages being deemed amply sufficient, that amount was placed in each hill, accompanied by the kernels of corn and an occasional pumpkin seed, and all were nicely covered over in the usual style. Now, after premising that several days have occurred since the corn was planted, the sequel of the story shall be told in a dialogue between our friend and one of his neighbors.

Neighbor.—Well friend have you planted your corn?

Friend.—Yes, several days since.

N.—Is it up yet?

F.—Up! yes; and gone; the most of it.

N.—How is that?

F.—Well, you see, I bought a lot of damaged sausages the other day in New Orleans, a smooth tongue of an auctioneer saying they would make excellent manure, if nothing else. I brought the lot over, commenced planting my corn at once, as it was time, planted a sausage in each hill, and—

N.—Well, and what?

F.—And felt satisfied that I had made a good job of it. Some days afterwards I went out to see how the corn was coming on, and a pretty piece of business I have made of trying agricultural experiments.

N.—Why, what was the matter?

F.—Matter! The first thing I saw before reaching the field was the greatest lot of dogs digging and scratching all over it! There were my dogs, and your dogs, and all the neighbors' dogs; besides about three hundred strange dogs I never set my eyes on before, and every one was hard at it, mining after the buried sausages. Somehow or other, the rascally whelps had scented out the business, and they have dug every hill by this time. If I could set every dog of them on that auctioneer, I'd be satisfied.

"Mohawk Dutch."

The following story is *good* because it is *true.* We had it from the lips of a good woman, who was told it by the principal actor herself:

"Ven I first come to Filadelfy to serve, I was very uncivilized," said Katrine, now a tidy, intelligent servant in a respectable family; I laugh mooch, and I feel mooch ashamed to remember how I behave ven I know so little. Shon, that was my beau then—Shon, he took me to the theater one night, when I been in Filadelfy but three weeks. We sits in the gallery, and we not see good, and Shon said he would get a petter seat. So he puts his leg round de post, and shlides down mid de pit, and he looks up and calls out, 'Katrine! Katrine! coom down! tish a good view here!' and I lean ed over, and said I: 'How can I coom, Shon?' And he said: 'Just shlide down.' So I put my legs round de pillar, and I shlides down, too. Dunder! how de peoples laugh! Dey laugh so dey play no more dat night upon de stage. Every body laugh, and yell, and whistle all over de house! I was much ashamed, den, though I knew not any harm! But now, I plushes red every time I dinks of it."

Trusting Innocence.

A backwoodsman who had never seen a pair of sugar tongs, being invited to a tea party, requested a person who unhappily sat near him to give some information respecting its use. 'It is a very ingenious instrument,' said the cruel wag, 'which has been lately invented for the purpose of blowing the nose. It is now in use in genteel society, and it is expected that the disgusting custom of using the fingers will be altogether abolished!' The sugar dish was handed around; the unfortunate 'lion' seized the tongs and the polite part of the assembly were scandalized at the *outre* application of the instrument, and the tremendous explosion which followed.

Gas.—At a hotel in New York recently an old gentleman came down stairs and inquired of a clerk whether he had any tallow candles. Being informed that he could be supplied with tallow dips, the gentleman said; "Then I wish you to give me some; I want something that I can *blow out*, for I've been blasting away at that cussed jigger in my room till I've no wind left." The clerk, by a spasmodic effort, kept his countenance and ordered up a pound of dips to room No 20.

A Singular Story—A Millionare in the Poor House.

The Lockport, N. Y. Advertiser relates a very strange story, which it seems is true. It says:

"Some two weeks since a young man of gentlemanly address, and who, from appearance, bore evidence of having seen better days, arrived at Tonawanda, and, calling at the house of Mr. Browning, of that place, begged for something to eat, and asked for a situation. He gave a history of his circumstances as follows: He said his father was wealthy, lived in France, and that he had left his home, in that country, on a pleasure trip to the United States, bringing with him $63,000 for spending money and other purposes.

"On landing in New York, and after sojourning in that city a short time, deposited $20,000 with a banker, who was a Jew.—He was then led by some new made acquaintances into scenes of dissipation and gaming, where he lost the remainder of his money. To add to his misfortunes, the Jew banker failed, and swindled him out of the money he had deposited with him. His father, he said, had a banker in New York, from whom he might have obtained assistance, but he determined from motives of pride and chagrin, not to appeal to him in his extremity by giving a statement of his condition. On receiving, with some doubts of its truthfulness, the above statement, Mr. Browning took the young man into his employ for a few days, and set him to work "pinking shingles." He afterwards went to Buffalo. Mr. Browning in the meantime, however, out of motives of curiosity, wrote a letter to the above mentioned banker whom the young man had stated was doing business for his father, enquiring of him in regard to the truth of the matter.

"The banker, on receipt of Mr. B's letter, immediately repaired to Tonawanda and confirmed the truth of the statement, and also related other facts in connection with the case more wonderful still. He stated that he had recently learned of the decease of the young man's father, who had died leaving him heir to $2,000,000, and also that $60,000 had already been remitted and was in the hands of himself. The banker on receiving the news, and not finding the fortunate inheritor of this vast sum, advertised for him in the papers. The banker then gave Mr. Browning $25 to prosecute the search for him in Buffalo, where it was supposed he had repaired.—After two days spent, the object of the visit was found in the Erie county work house, where he had been committed a few days previous as a vagrant. He was very sick, and his disease was pronounced by the doctors to be incurable. He had two days longer to remain before the time for which he was committed would expire.

"It may be readily conceived that the news of his good fortune, and a certainty not only of immediate relief but of restoration to the head of a wealthy estate, with all the surroundings of ease and luxury, incited the most powerful emotions in his breast. The few days he had yet to linger among the destitute, seemed to him ages; but it was impracticable to obtain a release except through the interposition of the Governor. Accordingly, it was arranged that the Count De——— should remain until his time should expire without any further effort being made for his release.—After his release from the work house, he was brought to the house of Mr. Browning, at Tonawanda, the former place of his abode, where he still remains very sick, under the medical attendance of Dr. Locke. The young Count has since two more remittances from his banker, and his condition is as good under the circumstances as could be expected. Thus ends for the present the first chapter of this strange, eventful, but nevertheless true history."

A Baron Munchausen at Pike's Peak.—The Kansas papers, in order to attract emigration, tell some wonderful stories about the Pike's Peak gold mines.—The following is the latest, if not the greatest:

Young gentlemen afflicted with the Pike's Peak fever will be interested in the following statement from a reliable gentleman in the new El Dorado, of the manner of gathering gold in the diggings. A man takes a frame-work of heavy timber, built like a stone-boat, the bottom of which is composed of heavy iron rasps. The frame-work is hoisted up to the top of the Peak, and a man gets on and slides down the side of the mountain. As he goes swiftly down, the rasps on the bottom of the frame work scrape off the gold in immense shavings, which curl up on the machine, and by the time the man gets to the bottom, nearly a ton of gold is following him.—This is the common manner of gathering it.

☞Yes, we agree with the old poet who said that a low, soft voice was an excellent thing in a woman. Indeed, we feel inclined to go much further than he has on the subject and call it one of her crowning charms. How often you are irresistibly drawn to a plain, unassuming woman whose soft, silvery tones render her positively attractive! In the social circle how pleasant it is to hear a woman, talk in that low key which characterizes a true lady. In the sanctuary at home, how such a voice soothes the fretful child and cheers the weary husband.

☞"Is your horse fast?" inquired a Vermont horse dealer.

"Beats all creation."

"Good bottom?"

"He's all bottom. Why I drove him so far one day, that it took me two days to get him back again!"

A Lion at Large on Board Ship.

The Himalaya, screw troop-ship, Commander John Secombe, arrived at Spithead on the 7th, from the Mediterranean. She left Malta on the 24th ult., and Tangiers on the 30th, having proceeded thither to ship a number of presents to her Majesty the Queen of Great Britain from the Emperor of Morocco. Those presents consist of one Lion, one Leopard, one Buffalo, one Antelope, ten Arab horses, and six ostriches, together with several cases of valuable shawls, silks and curiosities. An alarming incident occurred on the Himalaya's passage home. On the 2d inst., owing to some carelessness on the part of his keeper (a Moor), the lion, a full grown animal, burst through his cage door and speedily cleared the deck of human beings. As may be imagined, the utmost consternation was occasioned on board the ship, and the passengers and crew took the speediest measures for their safety, the latter taking refuge in the rigging of the vessel. The king of the forest (and *pro tem* of the ship also) condescended in his short perambulation to 'smell' the buffalo, who was tied up in an adjoining stall, and the latter showed fight by making a vigorous butt at his Majesty, who resented the attack by flooring his opponent with one stroke of the paw. The lion, it is said, had command of the deck for some time, until a rope was thrown over his head and hauled taut. The animal struggled to free himself, but his legs were secured, and he was hauled back to his den. But for the energy and courage thus displayed some mischief might have occurred; as it was, the lion was not secured until he had received some heavy blows on the head with a marling-pike.

Love, Coquetry and Insanity.

[*From the Boston Journal, March* 21.]

A sad case of insanity has recently occurred in this city through the influence of a little widow with a pretty face and languishing eyes.

At a watering place she made the acquaintance of Dr. F. A. Noyes, of this city. The doctor was made captive, and drawn into the net which the widow threw with such consummate skill, and for a while he was happy under the impression that Emma, the fascinating widow, would soon consent to change her name. In this hope he was sadly disappointed, for when he proposed, the widow wiped her eyes, said she should always esteem him as a friend, but she couldn't think of marriage. All hope was given up, and he tried to banish the image of the widow, but she was determined not to stay banished. She wanted more amusement at his expense, and she had it.

She re-opened a correspondence, visited him at his office, talked with him, laughed with him, flirted with him, and a second time refused him. Then reason began to totter, flickered for a while like an expiring lamp, and on Wednesday the last ray of intelligence left his brain. He became a raving maniac, fierce and cruel, and not able to contain his rage at the sight of a female's face. His first attack was upon a lady visitor at the House. He tore her clothes off and trampled them under foot. The frightened domestics rushed to the rescue, but the Doctor demolished all who opposed him. He dashed his fists through mirrors, swept vases and clocks from the mantle-pieces, twisted off gas-pipes, broke chairs and tables, dashed through a partition, and was only prevented from doing further violence by the arrival of two officers from the second station, who removed him from the house and kept him locked up until his friends sent him to an insane asylum, where he is now confined, and considered incurable.

The feelings of Mrs. Emma have not been ascertained, but it is certain that she can't boast much over her triumph.

☞The late Arkansas Legislature passed a law, to take effect in January next, prohibiting the employment of free negroes on water craft navigating the rivers of that State. A violation of this law is to be considered a high misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, subjects the party having charge of such craft to a fine of from $500 to $1,000, and an imprisonment not exceeding twelve months; and in case the fine is not paid, the Sheriff shall levy on the boat.

A Long Courtship.—Married, in Iredell county, by Jacob Fraley, Esq., on the 20th of January last, after a close courtship of twenty-three years, Mr. Reuben Barbour and Miss Sarah Thompson, both aged about sixty years.—*Iredell (N. C.) Express.*

A WAR WORN VETERAN.—John Frank, who lives in Brown county, Ohio, served in the Mexican war with distinguished bravery—was at the battles of Palo Alto, Monterey and Buena Vista, and has on his person sixty visible wounds, and has twenty six children.

☞When Anacharsis, the Scythian, was traveling in Greece, he was reproached by an Athenian with the barbarity of his native land. "It is true," replied Anacharsis, "that my country is a disgrace to me, but you are a disgrace to your country."

☞A Juryman was asked whether he had been charged by the presiding Judge. "Well," said he, "the little follow that sits up in the pulpit and bosses over the crowd, gin us a lecture, but I don't know whether he charges anything or not."

☞There is no fortune so good but that it may be reversed, and none so bad but it may be bettered. The sun that rises in clouds may set in splendor, and that which rises in splendor may set in gloom.

NewspaperARCHIVE®.com

A Bloody Affray in Kansas.

On the 22d inst., a row occurred at a County Convention in Holton, the county seat of Calhoun county, K T, between the Republicans on one side, and Free State men and Democrats on the other. A pro-Slavery man named Cole was first attacked, when a regular melee ensued, in which pistols, knives and clubs were freely used.—The Republicans rushed to a house near by, which is said to have contained about sixty Sharp's rifles, and commenced firing on their opponents, who were forced to beat a retreat.

Three of the wounded, Messrs. Chisam, Willock and B. Hall, arrived in Weston, Platte Co., where they formerly resided, on Monday last, having been driven away from their homes in Kansas, leaving their families behind them.

Chisam was shot, ball lodging in the right side of his head near the temple.

Hall was shot in the right arm, breaking the bone and so completely shivering the arm as to require amputation. He was left at Holton, and is not expected to live.

Willock was shot in the face, ball taking effect left side of the nose and lodging in his right cheek—face very much swollen, ball not extracted.

B. Hall and others were beaten across the head with clubs and gun-barrels, breaking Mr. Hall's nose.—*St. Joseph Journal, March* 21.

Indian Battle in Nebraska.

The Milwaukee Sentinel publishes, with some misgivings, the following, received through the Post Office, giving an account of a battle between the Pawnees and Sioux in Nebraska, in which two hundred of the latter were killed, and one hundred and forty wounded:

"I received a letter from a friend, dated at Port Pierre, Chouteau, N. T., Jan 1, 1859, saying that on the 25th of Dec., 1858, a bloody battle was fought between two well-known tribes—the Sioux and Pawnees.

"The Sioux numbered 600, and were led by an Englishman, named George Williams, formerly an officer in the British army. The Pawnees numbered 300 and some odd, led by their own chief, and after a combat of four days and five nights, the Pawnees won the field. The Pawnees' loss was trifling, but the Sioux' loss terrible, amounting to about 200 killed, and about 140 wounded.

"This desperate fight was caused by the daughter of the chief of the Sioux not remaining true to her word. She promised to marry the chief of the Pawnees, but took another notion and married the Englishman. Pawnee Chief, hearing of this turn of mind, went to demand satisfaction, but received none; and on the 24th of December took his march towards his once intended "father in-law," and commenced his dreadful work of revenge. She was handsome; he was tall, about six feet four inches high, light of foot, and in every way a more handsome man than she was a woman."

Indian Massacre on the Plains.

On the 7th of October last, a large party of emigrants, on their way to California, from Missouri, via Kansas City and Albuquerque, on what is called Beale's route, were attacked by Indians and driven back. A Mr. W. W. Banker, who was in the party, arrived in San Francisco. He says the accounts published misrepresent the facts of the case greatly. Banker says twenty-two persons were killed, and five were wounded, of whom several died soon afterward; property to the value of $150,000 was destroyed or lost; the survivors had to undergo the most terrible suffering, barely escaping with their lives. It seems that the emigrants, after having traveled a very great distance without water, arrived at a spring near the Colorado in the night.—There were some Indians collected around the spring. The emigrants fired at them and killed one. The Indians fled. There were two hundred and forty emigrants—one hundred and sixty men and eighty women and children. The time selected for the attack was when the men were divided in three parties, one to guard the cattle at the pasture ground, nine miles from the camp, and a third on the river bank, making rafts upon which to cross. Mr. Banker recollects that the following were killed:

Frank Robinson, of New York; George Anderson, of New York; —— McKane, of New York; Miss Kincaid; —— Cruiz; Miss Brown, little girl; McGowan, an Irishman, lately from Missouri; —— Baughman, wife and five children; Mrs. Armstrong; a little Miss Brown, sister of the one killed by the Indians, died from fright.

The Indians drove away all the cattle, nearly 3,000, and about 21 of them were recovered. A party was organized to chase the Indians, but they were deterred by a white man among the red men, who advised them, in very good English, to turn back, and be glad if they could get away alive.—The emigrants, having a few teams left, collected 79 of their wagons into a small space and set fire to them, to keep the red men from enjoying the spoil. The emigrants were known as Brown's, Rose's, and Bailey's train from Missouri and Iowa—Rose lost $6,000, Bailey $30,000, and Brown his life.

Incident on the Lebanon Valley Railroad.—A correspondent of the *Mining Record* gives the following incident as having recently occurred on the Lebanon Valley railroad: He states that he was going over that road from Harrisburg one morning lately in the accommodation train, which is a passenger car attached to the freight. Somewhere above Annville the passenger car stopped and commenced to run back, when it was discovered that the engine had broken loose, and was making a splendid time in the direction of Lebanon. When the machine fetched up at the depot the Lebanonites asked for the train, when the engineer for the first time missed it.—He went back immediately, hooked on to the train and started again. Pretty soon they came to a bank, down which several freight cars had been precipitated, and all hands simultaneously suggested that the train of the night before had met with an accident. But upon a closer investigation the cars looked familiar, and it was then discovered that they had been losing some of their own train. This had occurred without discommoding the passengers, and must have been the quietest breakdown on record.

THE ADAMS SENTINEL.

GETTYSBURG:

MONDAY, APRIL 4, 1859.

☞Last week was "flitting-week," and Friday the 1st was, particularly, a very lively day in Gettysburg. The streets were filled with the "movers" for a great part of the day; and a very large number of our country friends were in town, paying out and receiving money. There were, as usual, some disappointments—the tightness of the times rendering it impossible for many to come up to their business engagements.

☞We are requested to state for the information of all concerned, that the Rev. J. R. Keiser has removed to the parsonage of St. James' Church, immediately adjoining the Church property, and formerly the residence of Wm. King, Esq.

Borough Officers.

On Monday last, the Town Council was organized by the appointment of Henry Comfort as President, and R. G. McCreary, Esq., as Clerk and Treasurer.

Wm. King, Esq. has entered upon his duties as Burgess. The Police officers of the past year have been continued.

The following are the officers of the Borough:

Burgess—William King.

Council—Henry Comfort, John Rupp, Samuel Herbst, Andrew Shick, James A. Thompson, Jacob Sheads.

Clerk & Treasurer—R. G. McCreary.

Police—James Rowzer, John H. Sheads, Solomon Taylor.

Keeper of Engine-house—James Rowzer.

☞A beautiful monument to the memory of our late esteemed fellow-citizen, J. B. M'Pherson, Esq., is now in progress at the marble-yard of Cannon & Adair. It is 4 feet across the base, and 14 feet high; on the top an urn, and on the side a beautiful wreath. It will add much to the adornment of "Ever Green Cemetery"—that beautiful "City of the dead."

☞The store of Samuel Rosenstock, 3 miles from Waynesboro', was broken open on Wednesday night week, and robbed of goods valued at $40. Among the articles stolen were five silver watches, boots, shoes, &c. Mr R. offers a reward of $15. We wonder if Saylor is not in that neighborhood.

☞The lad who died near Irishtown, from the kick of a horse, mentioned last week, was a son of Mr. Joseph Croft.—He was 11 or 12 years of age. He lived from 4 o'clock in the afternoon until the next morning.

☞Mr. Charles Kenady, formerly of this county, but for the last twenty years a citizen of St. Louis, and engaged in the fur trade, was shot down in the street at Fort Smith, Arkansas, on the 7th of February last, by a man named Stowe, from Louisville. He had challenged Stowe previously for some charges made by him—but the latter would not accept it, and took the opportunity of shooting him on the street—He has been arrested. Kenady's remains were removed to St. Louis, where his family resides. He leaves a wife and three children.

☞Mr. Alexander Horner, residing about a quarter of a mile east of Emmitsburg, lost three very valuable horses by disease, during week before last. This is a heavy loss.

☞On Monday afternoon, near Harrisburg, a fireman on the passenger train for the west, named James McCormick, looked out, probably to see if the track was clear, and the water-pipe struck him on the temple, knocking him off the engine and killing him instantly. He was a clever, industrious young man, and much esteemed in the circle in which he moved.

☞An aged man, named Delaplane, committed suicide at his residence near Mechanicstown, Frederick county, on Monday evening week, by suspending himself from a tree with a bridle rein. He was subject to fits of melancholy for some time; but the immediate cause of the suicide is supposed to have been the refusal of his daughter to postpone her intended wedding to a later day than the one appointed; as upon her refusal, he said, "Well, you prepare for the bridal, and I will prepare for death."

☞*Fearful Mortality.*—A late arrival brings intelligence that 150,000 men had died in one month at Jeddo, in Japan, of cholera! Jeddo is the capital of Japan, and contains about two million souls.

☞The Nicaraguan Chamber of Deputies has passed a decree, opening the Transit Route across the Isthmus to all nations on terms of equality—no monopoly being allowed to any.

☞In California the greatest excitement prevailed on the reception of intelligence that the Pacific railroad bill had been defeated in Congress. The San Francisco press is filled with violent articles, denouncing Congress, and going so far as to threaten secession. The severance of California from the Union is hinted at in unmistakable terms.

The Abbottstown Railroad.

On Monday and Tuesday last, J. S. Gitt, Esq., Civil Engineer, completed the survey of the Railroad route from Abbottstown to Oxford, a distance of about 4 miles. Application will be made immediately to the Legislature, for a charter, through from Oxford to Abbottstown, and from Abbottstown to York, which it is hoped will be granted before the breaking up of the present Legislature.

Still Running in Debt to Europe.

During the last week the imports of dry goods into New York, amounted to three and a half millions of dollars, and of other articles of foreign produce and manufacture, about the same. *Seven Millions in one Week!* The receipts for duties at New York since Jan. 1st, have been nearly ten millions.

☞The celebrated Pulpit orator, Mr. Spurgeon, who has created such excitement and interest in London by his powerful preaching, is about to visit this country, and will probably leave for New York about the 10th of May.

☞About eighteen months ago, a company of 150 emigrants to Oregon were massacred by the Indians at Mountain Meadows, and the children taken into captivity. Lately 17 of the children have been recovered from the Indians.

☞The Republicans and Americans at Cincinnati met in a Union Convention on Tuesday last, and nominated a full municipal ticket—the greatest harmony of feeling prevailing.

☞*Collision of Steamers on the Ohio—Loss of Life!*—The steamboats Nat Holmes and David Gibson, came into collision on the Ohio river, opposite Aurora, Indiana, on Monday night last. Both boats sunk, and the cabins floated off.—It is estimated that about 50 lives were lost, mostly emigrants for Pike's Peak, who were passengers on board the Holmes—The boats and cargoes are a total loss, their aggregate value being $300,000.

☞Joseph B. Richardson, the lamplighter, who was shot in Baltimore on the night of the 22d of March, while engaged in extinguishing the lamps about midnight, by a young man named Kennard, who was in a drunken spree, died on Wednesday last. He was about 39 years of age, and leaves a wife and three children, who were entirely dependent upon him for support. Kennard has been committed for trial.—He should have a taste of the Penitentiary for life.

☞The Carlisle papers complain that incendiarism is rife in that community, and call upon the borough authorities for some kind of protection.

☞Hon. Arnold Plumer, of this State, was robbed at Pittsburg, on Tuesday, of a trunk containing $30,000 worth of property. It was subsequently recovered, and the thief arrested.

☞We call attention to the Philadelphia advertisement of Emlen & Passmore.

☞*Still Going On.*—Three more stabbing affairs took place at New York, on Monday night. Our cities are becoming very "*interesting*" places of abode.

☞Green peas, strawberries and radishes are in the New York market already, received from the South.

☞The counterfeiters have recently gone into a new business, and a very *small* one at that. They have put into circulation a large lot of bogus three cent pieces. These counterfeits have no milled edge; the stars surrounding the letter C are very indistinctly cut; the bunch of rods tied together in the lower bow and the leaves in the upper bow of the C are wanting in the bogus coin, the star is very badly executed, the points being almost rounded, instead of being distinctly and finely cut as in the genuine.

Sale of the Government Organ.—Gen. Bowman, Superintendent of Public Printing, has purchased the Union newspaper establishment, and will take possession in about two weeks.

☞*A Fool.*—An American citizen, name not given, who has been on a visit to Italy, having received some disastrous news from home, threw himself into a current of lava which was issuing from Mount Vesuvius, and his body was instantly consumed.

☞There has been a volcanic eruption of Mauna Loa, a mountain in the Sandwich Islands, which is the most extraordinary phenomenon that has been witnessed in that region for fifty years. The lava had flowed a distance of 40 miles, filling up the valleys and hollows till it reached the sea, and completely filling up the harbor. The stream was a mile wide in some places. In one small town many of the houses were surrounded by the volcanic stream, about midnight, before the inmates could make their escape.

The Annexation of Canada.—A gentleman named King has issued a circular in Upper Canada, recommending the Parliament, on the occurrence of certain contingencies, to pass resolutions, and, in fact, to take measures for the severance of the two provinces from the British dominions, and the immediate annexation of Canada West to the United States.

☞The total foreign imports, dry goods and general merchandise, at New York, for the last week amounted to $6,874,691; total since first of January, $59,490,096, being about thirty millions more than for the same period in 1858, and nearly a million less than in 1857.

☞The general tone of continental intelligence continues warlike, and active preparations are making in the various countries.

☞A Revival has been going on at Baltimore for some time, and increases in force as it progresses. It has now reached the rich and fashionable classes, as well as the lowest strata of society. Several prominent desperadoes have apparently become converts, and have exchanged their revolvers and bowie-knives for Bibles.

Beautiful.—Nature is beginning to put on her holiday attire, and the fields adjacent to our town look green and refreshing. The grass grows rapidly, the trees are budding beautifully, and soon the atmosphere will be redolent with the sweet perfume of the first spring flowers:

Now rings the woodland loud and long,
The distance takes a lovelier hue,
And drowned in yonder living blue
The lark becomes a sightless song.

☞Ex-President Pierce takes the pains to write to *The Boston Post* that 'under no possible circumstances can he consent to the use of his name in a manner calculated to disturb the tranquil pursuits which alone pertain to the life of a private citizen.'—This is like the declaration of the sere and yellow spinster, who under no *possible* circumstances could consent to be married.

☞While the United States has in Nicaragua a minister who is scarcely over in a condition to attend to business; at San Juan del Norte, a man who a year ago was one of the foolish filibusters whose necks were saved by the intercession of the naval commander on the station; and at San Juan del Sur, a consul who for years has been the keeper of a grog shop and gambling saloon—England has there one of her most skilful and accomplished diplomatists, Sir William Gore Ousley, and France sends her most astute and well-bred diplomatists and gentlemen. The Democracy sends blustering and bragging ward politicians when sound statesmen should be sent.

☞The General Assembly (O. S.) of the Presbyterian Church of the United States convenes at Indianapolis on the 19th of May next. A very large attendance is anticipated.

Murderers to be Executed.—On the 8th of April four persons are to be executed in Baltimore; on the 15th, one in Fayette county, Ga.; on the 27th, two at Albany, N Y; on the 6th of May, three at Chicago; and on the 27th, one at Cincinnati.—There are, also, two at Pittsburg and one at Boston under sentence of death.

☞There are now many men in San Francisco whose families are in a state of destitution, who a few years ago were worth hundreds of thousands of dollars. Speculation in real estate ruined them. One family that were intensely aristocratic during the inflated days, now keep boarders and take in washing.

☞Gov. Medary, of Kansas, is going the way of his predecessors. Judging him by the company he had kept, a fair administration was not expected at his hands, but contrary to all expectation, he has treated the people with a fair show of decency, and the border ruffian presses in Missouri are howling after him, and calling him a "jayhawker" and all sorts of bad names. He must do something mighty mean soon, or Mr. Buchanan will have to add him to the list of Kansas martyrs.

☞From the returns of the New Hampshire election, reported in the Concord Statesman, we find that in thirty four instances the Republican and Democratic candidates had exactly the number of votes cast at the election in 1858, by the same party. In forty instances the party vote was within one of that cast the previous year. In twenty nine cases it was within two; in twenty-two cases within three; in twenty-seven cases within four; twenty-five cases within five; twenty-six cases within six; fourteen instances within seven, seventeen cases within eight, and eleven cases within nine votes of the last election, making 245 instances in all where there was not ten votes difference between the two years.

A Sell.—*The Shelbyville* (Ind.) *Banner* says that a farmer of that place, who had a horse of a very homely color, recently sold him to a band of gipsies for a mere song. A few days after he was offered a fine dark-brown steed, for which he willingly paid a round price, but was shocked to find, after a short time, that he had bought back his old sorrel, with the addition of a thick coat of paint.

☞There are now thirty-nine coast survey parties in the field and afloat, viz: on the Atlantic coast, 19; on the Gulf coast, 14; on the Pacific coast of the United States, 6.

A Modest Proposition.—The President of the St. Paul (Minn.) Common Council read a communication to that body a few days ago, from a vermin exterminator in New York, proposing to divulge his secret for the sum of $100,000 to the United States, and asking that Council to make a contribution.—*Galena Advertiser.*

A Correct Portrait.

Col. Forney continues to pitch into the late Convention of office holders, and says the people were indifferent to it because "of a double feeling of contempt for its managers, and a full foreknowledge of its policy. Nobody expected decent, much less Democratic action. The great body of the delegates did not come to reiterate principles, but to earn wages. They did not vote the wishes of the people, but thanks to their masters. They had mostly been elected as office holders, or by office holders; and, although they might have averted defeat from a great party by some unexpected concession to truth, they dared not to perform an act of magnanimity, which, while it would have won for them the applause of a surprised and gratified people, would have lost them their places, and the smiles of an Administration which now stands a reeking infamy before the nation." This is what may be called a clear statement—emphatic and true. We congratulate the unterrified Democracy upon the "harmony" which exists in their ranks! The Kilkenny cat fight was no circumstance to the "war of the factions." They will devour each other, tails and all!—*Telegraph.*

Nobody.—The verdict in the case of the late horrible accident on the Great Western (Canada) railway is, "nobody to blame." Of course not. It is Nobody that is eternally to blame. It was nobody that drove the train at the rate of thirty miles an hour, on a dark night, over a track inundated by a freshet. But for Nobody, the cars would not have pitched into the chasm created by that freshet, and sacrificed so many valuable lives. It is about time that Nobody was discharged from railway employment, and Somebody installed in his place.—*N Y Express*

Destructive Fires.—A fire, on the 25th ult., at Napoleon, Ohio, destroyed nearly all the business part of the town. Loss $17,000—partially insured. On the 24th the flour mill of J. B. Higbee, at Bellview, Ohio, was consumed. Loss, $14,000; insurance $12,000. At Joliet, Ill., on the 25th, five stores were consumed. Loss $25,000.

A Lover of Peace Marrying a Dumb Woman.—A man named Thomas Galt, was married on Saturday, at Philadelphia, to Sarah Jane Anderson, a mute. Some curiosity was excited by the fact of his marrying a woman who could not speak, and a person asked him the cause of his doing so. Galt answered that he had had two wives already, and they gave him no rest by reason of their talking ceaselessly, and complaining and scolding from morning till night. Both had died, and now, as he was forty years old, and desirous of having a little peace for the remainder of his life, he had determined to select a dumb woman.

Eight Children at a Birth.—About two months since the wife of Jacob Abbot, in Golconda, C. W., presented her husband eight pledges of affection at one birth. These children survived until six weeks old, when two of them sickened and died. The remaining six are still living and thriving finely. The whole eight were very small specimens of humanity when ushered into the world, as might have been expected. This statement is literally true; it is vouched for by numbers of respectable witnesses, who saw the children.—*Boston Herald.*

Mormons.—The Utah correspondent of the Chicago Tribune has taken notes of the social status of that Territory. The results foot up as follows: Three hundred and eighty seven men with seven or more wives; of these thirteen have more than nineteen wives; 730 men with five wives; 1,100 men with four, and 1,400 with more than one wife.

More Slavers Captured.

SAVANNAH, March 26

Advices from Havana to the 20th inst., state that the schooner Alice Bandel, with a cargo of nine hundred and eighty Africans, had been captured and taken into Porto Rico, where the crew were imprisoned. Another cargo, of six hundred Africans, has been landed at Remedios, Cuba.

LEAVENWORTH, Kansas, March 29.

Advices from Denver city to the 14th ult., give favorable accounts from the gold diggings. The average yield with rockers is from four to ten dollars per day. Ditch companies are forming to convey water from the Platte river to Cherry creek, a distance of twenty miles. The rush of emigrants from this point is beyond precedence. Upwards of a thousand persons have arrived since Friday, and the suburbs are covered with companies in camp. Jones & Russell dispatched their first train for the mines on Saturday and another leaves to-day.

The people vote to-day for or against a convention to form a State Constitution.

Died of Ear-Rings.—About a week ago a domestic named Ellen Vaughn, employed at the Union House, had her ears perforated for the purpose of wearing ear-rings. The operation was performed in the usual manner, with the usual results at the time.—On the second day after the piercing her ear commenced swelling, and she left employment and went home. The third day the swelling and inflammation increased rapidly, when she became deaf, blind, and speechless; erysipelas set in, and for three days the unfortunate woman suffered terribly, when death released her.—*Troy Budget.*

A New Democratic Creed.

That the Democratic party is all things to all men is too well known to need repetition. Here in Pennsylvania it is Protectionist. In Georgia it is Free Trade. In New Hampshire it shoulders squatter sovereignty; in Michigan the improvement of rivers and harbors; in California the Pacific Railroad. In fact, it has a special feature in every section. The latest variation which has come to our notice is the subjoined preamble and resolution, adopted at a Democratic meeting held in Sumner county, Tennessee:

Whereas, we have in this community a secret order, known as Odd Fellows, who have monopolized to themselves an undue proportion of office, and done other acts and things inconsistent with the principles of the Democratic party, and supposing the same to be the case elsewhere, therefore be it

Resolved, That, as Democrats, we cannot consistently vote for a candidate for office who belongs to a secret order, be he Know Nothing, Plug Ugly, Odd Fellow or what not.

The Democratic principle here enunciated seems to be opposition to all manner of goats, whether belonging to Masons, Odd Fellows, Sons of Malta, Druids, Good Fellows, Red Men, or sons of America. We commend this precious information to the notice of the faithful hereabout.

An Army Contract.—The Utah correspondent of the Chicago *Tribune* sends to that journal the freighting contract made in the Quartermaster's Department at Washington City, with Russell, Majors and Waddell, to carry freight from Kansas to various points on the Utah route. The schedule of prices has been kept back till lately, when it is found that Government pays the firm above named $56 per one hundred pounds from Leavenworth to Salt Lake City, a distance of twelve hundred miles. At this enormous rate the contractors have carried thousands of tons. They are at the same time contractors to carry freight to Pike's Peak, a distance of six hundred miles, for eight dollars, which is less than one-third the sum paid by Government.

☞In a recent debate in the British Parliament, Mr. Caird, alluding to the fact that Europe was on the eve of war, and that England was dependent, to a large extent, on foreign nations for supplies of food, remarked that the source of one fourth of their entire foreign supply had been recently dried up. America, he said, now sent them absolutely nothing, though during the last ten years she had exported corn to the extent of more than eight millions annually. Such a sudden cessation of an important supply might, he thought, seriously affect the comfort of the British people. Breadstuffs are rather higher in New York than in Liverpool, though they are considered as high enough there. Of late there has been no large surplus of grain in the United States for exportation. One reason given for this is that the grain-growing States, Northern, Eastern, and Middle, have become so far exhausted of their fertility that the lands are not so productive as formerly. They draw upon the West for their own deficiencies. The Northwest has suffered from bad seasons, and, besides, their produce is subject to heavy charges for transportation to the seaboard.

It has become very plain that this country is not to be a granary for Europe, and that we cannot export breadstuffs in time of general peace, at remunerative prices.—In the exceptional cases of war and famine abroad, we may find a market for our surplus, if we ever have one. The time is at hand when the grain growing States cannot afford to be consumers of foreign products and manufactures. They will then probably go with Pennsylvania for high duties "and the support of domestic manufactures." The aggregate amount of British produce and manufacture imported into the United States from Great Britain in 1858 was twenty three millions of dollars less than in the preceding year; but British merchants anticipate a recovery of the trade this year. The South can better afford large importations, now than at any previous time. The South was never so rich and prosperous as now. If imports are to increase, it must be chiefly through their ability to be consumers.—Ion.

☞The Paris Constitutionnel publishes an article on the armaments of Austria in Italy. It states that the effective force of the Austrian troops in Italy has been increased from 50,000 to 180,000 men. It then adds—"The Austrian army, it appears, is to be put in readiness for offensive movements in case they should be wanted. The movements of the troops to the frontiers for the purpose of concentrating them there, confirm these reports; besides a large quantity of artillery, material has been dispatched to Piacenza during the last few days. Cannon of large size have also arrived at Milan and Verona, part provided with carriages for the purposes of siege, and part with carriages for the coast concentration of artillery. From this it must be inferred that a veritable siege train is to be assembled at Pavia, which can have no other aim than the siege of strong places in Piedmont."

☞The Governor of Missouri, who was recently whipped in a rough and tumble fight, is said to have wound up the grand spree the other day by riding his horse into his own parlor, and trying his fore feet on the keys of the piano.

Strychnine Whisky.

The annual report of the inspectors of the Philadelphia County Prison, shows that the cases of *mania potu* are fearfully on the increase in our country. This is occasioned by the introduction of strychnine and other poisonous drugs into those liquors which are now the common drink of so large a portion of the people. The report of the Resident Physician of the prison contains this passage:

"A large number of cases of *mania-potu*, two hundred and sixty four (264,) and debauch, three hundred and sixty-five (365,) bear testimony to the power of alcohol in producing disease, and stimulating into activity a large body of otherwise hidden or latent affections. It is well known that the habitual use of intoxicating drinks not only blunts the moral and intellectual sensibilities of the individual, and thus places him to a certain extent outside of the pale of sanity, but superadds a positive and often lasting injury to the physical structure, particularly to the stomach and nervous system, which predisposes the body to a long catalogue of diseases, that are brought into active existence by the slightest exposure."

The Cause of Crime.

The Grand Jury of Baltimore last week made a report on crime and its causes in that city. They say that they have examined one hundred cases of what is called offences against the person, consisting of murder, assault with intent to kill, and assault and battery, and find, without a solitary exception, that these cases have occurred while the parties were under the influence of liquor. They also say that three-fourths of all other cases that have come before them may be traced to the same cause, and add, as their opinion, that as much of this evil may be attributed to the quality as to the quantity of the liquor used. They say the poisonous articles used in the adulteration maddens, while the spirit intoxicates, and its effects are as disastrous to the health as to the morals of those who use it. This system of adulteration has been carried so far that it would be difficult from the reports of chemists who have investigated the subject, to find any description of pure alcoholic liquor. That portion which comes from abroad is adulterated to the fullest extent of the consummate skill of the French chemist, only to be re-adulterated here by fully as unscrupulous but less skillful hands.

☞The New York Journal of Commerce, speaking of the appalling spread of intemperance, says that a large number of eminent names are being erased from the list of the living, where the true cause of death is never suspected by the community at large, (the interposition of surviving friends saving their memories from indelible disgrace,) died of "delirium tremens" being the fearful secret. At least two on the list of subscribers for the contemplated asylum—men who stood high in the profession of law and literature—are already victims to this insidious destroyer. It has been asserted that men are not to be found who would voluntarily commit themselves to an institution for inebriates; but this is refuted by the fact that almost before the foundation stone was laid there had been 2,800 applications for admission, of whom, according to Dr Turner, Corresponding Secretary of the New York State Inebriate Asylum, "more than four hundred are women in the higher walks of life, educated and accomplished." There appears to be no room for reasonable doubt on this point.

DEAD Rum Killed Him.—On Friday night last, when the train from Warren, for Mineral Point, was within about eight miles of the latter place, the engineer discovered a man lying on the track, between the rails; and before the train could be stopped, the fender of the Locomotive struck him, and with such force, that the body was badly mutilated, and death ensued in a few hours after reaching Mineral Point. An examination of the body revealed two things, viz: the name of the man, Patrick Timmins.—a laborer on the "Min. Pt. R. R."—and *a bottle of liquor.*

The man who sold this unfortunate the poison, which stupified him to such a degree as to render him insensible of the danger to which he was exposing himself, should not only be held strictly accountable to the law which he violated; but should also be compelled to support the wife, and five young and helpless children who have thus suddenly been bereft of husband and Father.—*Warren (Ill) Indep.*

A Mormon Bride Publicly Whipped.—A correspondent of the New York Tribune relates the following story of a Gentile and his Mormon bride, who were separated in Utah, and the bride publicly whipped:

A Gentile resident of Frogtown, a short time ago, went over to Provo after a young woman, who, it seems, had taken a fancy to him, and who wished to leave Provo and come and live in Frogtown with her Gentile admirer. But a mob collected around the house where she and her lover were, and he was advised that he would find it conducive to his health to leave immediately, which he did. *The young woman was then taken out and publicly whipped!*

☞Much has been said of the Eastern Esculapius' labors for the sick; not one half has yet been told of the indomitable perseverance of this remarkable man—Imbued with the conviction that Scrofula is the parent of disease, he has been years engaged in searching the boundaries of the earth, for its antidote. With vast labor has he canvassed the products of sea and land, through both continents, until he has discovered that combination of remedials which expurges this human rot and corruption from the system. This new invention we now offer in our columns under the name of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, although its virtues are from substances far more active and effectual than Sarsaparilla.—*Rochester Journal.*

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

A Sad Case.

More than a year ago a man named Haines was killed six miles below Safe Harbor, Lancaster county, under the following circumstances, as related by the *Star*, published at Wrightsville: "Mr Clarkson Laird, who lives in that locality, hearing some noise among his chickens at the barn during the night, went out with his gun and discharged its contents at random in the direction of two men then running away from the premises. Next morning some chickens with their heads off were found at the stable, and the dead body of Haines was found in the road, a short distance from the stable. Mr. Laird, at the time, surrendered himself to the legal authorities, and was held to bail, but the Grand Jury refused to find a bill against him, and he was discharged. We have just learned that the fact of the killing has since preyed upon the mind of Mr. L. to such a degree that he is at present at death's door. We are informed that at the request of his friends, a physician from the city of Lancaster visited him a short time since, and subsequently expressed the opinion that the unfortunate man could not long survive his mental agony—that he was actually 'dying by inches,' from the depression of his mental faculties, whilst there was an entire absence of physical disease, or at least no perceptible marks or diagnosis by which a particle of any physical disease could be discovered or predicated."

☞All Europe bristles with bayonets, as well as the 'French Porcupine' himself. It appears from an authentic statement published in the Patrie a month ago, that the number of men under arms in Europe is over four millions, to say nothing of those engaged in the military marine. This is a large basis for the projected increase of forces by several of the continental powers. Burdened with debt as many of them are, it is difficult to suppose that they could maintain a protracted war. The improved arms, of which we hear so much, may have a tendency to bring a conflict to a speedy termination. The greatest improvements appear to have been made in cannon—and the Napoleon gun in France, and the Armstrong rifle cannon in England, are spoken of as almost reaching perfection in destructiveness. The English, of course, claim superiority for their gun. The merits of both are yet to be tested in song.

Both are easily handled, both dispense with much weight, both combine accuracy, with fearful effects. The day is up for castles, for the Moros, and the Maltas, and Gibraltar. Any stationary fortification that may be within the range of this artillery will now be silenced. A ship, thus armed, may, at a safe distance, destroy a fort or city. There are many who think that Napoleon is so much bent upon a war with somebody that he will turn his guns upon us if he has no use for them at home.

The English journals and Parliamentary debates afford ample evidence that the designs of Napoleon are distrusted by England. The London Times, even, looks to a continental coalition against England as possible. 'Who knows,' says the Times, 'how soon Powers that have quarreled from ambition, and made up for convenience, may make a common cause against us?'—Who knows, we might say, that the thunder now threatening Europe, may not be turned against us? Napoleon wants a field of practice for his navy and new artillery.

It would probably be found, in case of the sudden occurrence of a foreign war, that we have too much neglected even such preparations as lie within the compass of our peace policy. Congress chose a wrong time for reducing appropriations for the ordnance department and the armories.

On the other hand, it is gratifying to notice that our army is much smaller than that of the Pope—who maintained a force of sixteen thousand men, including the Swiss, notwithstanding the protection he derived from the presence of Austrian and French troops. Our army may be accurately said to number one man for every mile of our exposed frontier. Thus in case of foreign attack we can set up these military milestones. The area of the United States is over three millions of square miles, or about the same with that of all Europe, and if their armies were adjusted to the extent of their territory, they would not have in the aggregate a larger force than ours—instead of four millions of men in arms.

Quickly Done if not Well.—Last Thursday night a pleasant looking young lady arrived here by the Eastern train, which that night was delayed beyond its usual time. She had an excellent appetite for a good supper at the New Pennsylvania House. But at the supper table she was joined by a young man, who had arrived that evening in the Western train. The two became sociable on short acquaintance. That night she asked the landlord what kind of a character the young man bore.—He answered her that he only knew him as a clever, straightforward young fellow. Well, not to prolong so brief a story, the two who had never met until at the supper table, were married early next morning.—Whether the particular rapidity of this enterprise was owing to the energy of our Western young man, or to that of the Eastern feminine, we do not know, but we wish them a happy time.—*Davenport Gazette.*

[From the New York News.]

☞Nothing since the foundation of the City of New York has produced the excitement among all classes that Professor Wood's Hair Restorative has done. All classes from the gray and bald-headed sire, and the silver-haired matron, down to the sprightly youth and beautiful maiden with her glossy ringlets, are crowding the Depot at No. 312 Broadway; the former to be permanently restored, and the latter to possess themselves of that which will prevent the inroad of envious time, and cause the appearance of youth and beauty to linger to the greatest age. Besides all the popular Druggists in the country are constantly engaged in dealing out the Restorative to their customers, 'and the cry is still they come.'

CAUTION.—Beware of worthless imitations, as several are already in the market, called by different names. Use none unless the words (Professor Wood's Hair Restorative, Depot St. Louis, Mo., and New York.) are blown in the bottle.—Sold by all Druggists and Patent Medicine dealers. See advertisement.

☞Read the advertisement of DR. SANFORD'S Liver Invigorator.

Scene in Court.

The New York Express relates a touching incident connected with the close of the trial of James Stephens, convicted in that city of the murder of his wife. He was a tender during the trial, which lasted for eighteen days, by several female relatives, including his little daughter, aged about six years. After the rendering of the verdict of guilty the jurors retired, the spectators dispersed, and the sheriff with his deputies approached the prisoner. His little girl, Bella, turned towards Stephens, and after kissing him said: "Come, Pa! let us go now, it is all over; see, pa! the people are going." Human nature, says the Express, could not stand this; the sheriff turned away to hide a tear, and retired, leaving the prisoner alone with his relatives and counsel. Pocket handkerchiefs were drawn out by many present, and the attempts of the male portion of the audience to stop up the outlet of the heart's fountains were of no avail. Such an affecting scene has rarely been witnessed.

The Markets.

GETTYSBURG—Saturday last.

Superfine Flour,	5 75
Wheat,	1 30 to 1 45
Corn, old Yellow,	75
Rye,	85
Rye Flour,	3 25
Buckwheat,	50
Buckwheat Meal,	2 00
Clover Seed.	5 00 to 5 25
Timothy Seed,	1 75 to 2 00
Flax Seed,	1 20
Barley,	70
Oats,	50
Pork,	7 50
Plaster Paris, per ton.	6 50

BALTIMORE—Friday last.

Flour,	$6 12 to 6 25
Wheat,	1 43 to 1 75
Rye,	95 to 97
Corn,	75 to 83
Oats,	53 to 55
Cloverseed,	5 37 to 5 75
Timothyseed,	2 12 to 2 37
Beef Cattle,	8 50 to 11 25
Hay, (in bundles,)	14 00 to 16 00
Do. (loose,)	12 00 to 13 00

YORK—Friday last.

Flour, per bbl., from wagons,	5 62
Wheat, per bushel,	1 40@1 50
Rye, "	85
Corn, "	75
Oats, "	55
Clover Seed,	5 75
Timothy Seed,	2 00
Plaster Paris, per ton,	6 50

HANOVER—Thursday last.

Flour, per bbl, from Wagons,	5 87
Wheat, per bushel,	1 50@1 55
Rye, "	80
Corn, "	70
Oats, "	50
Clover Seed,	5 50
Timothy Seed,	1 75
Plaster Paris, per ton.	6 25

Married,

On the 24th ult., by Rev. H. Bishop, Mr. WILLIAM GRIMES to Miss MARY ANN KUGLER of Hamiltonban township.

On the 7th ult., at York, by the Rev. Mr. Lilly, Mr JACOB M. WORTZ, of New Oxford, to Miss MAGDALENE SHEFFER, of Glen Rock, York county.

Died,

On the 25th ult., ERNEST, son of Mr. Solomon R. Tipton, of this place, aged 11 months and 9 days.

On the 27th ult., near Littlestown, ALEXANDER, son of Mr. Frederick Bittinger, aged 17 years, 4 months and 16 days.

On the 25th ult., FREDERICK WILLIAM SOX, aged 9 years 8 months and 27 days.

On the 25th ult., JOHN ECKERT, of this county, aged 17 years, 6 months and 1 day.

J. C. NEELY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WILL attend to collections and all other business intrusted to his care with promptness. Office nearly opposite Fahnestock's Store, Baltimore street.

April 4. tf

Mowing and Reaping Machine

AGENCY, 633 Market street, Philadelphia. Where Farmers may see and judge for themselves, between

SIX
OF THE BEST
COMBINED MACHINES
NOW IN USE!

And purchase the Machine of their choice.

EMLEN & PASSMORE,
633 Market St., Philadelphia.

April 4. 3m

Spring Goods—Fresh Arrival!

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS have just received a large and choice assortment of Spring Goods to which they invite the attention of buyers. Our stock comprises many new and beautiful styles of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

such as are rarely seen, and we are confident that those examining them will acknowledge that they have seldom been offered better goods or as pretty styles.

We have also increased our stock of staple goods, such as MEN'S and BOYS' Wear, Calicoes, Muslins, Delaines, Chintz, &c., in quantity, style and price, unsurpassed. We need not enumerate, but can assure our customers and friends that we are prepared to furnish them with such goods as they may want cheaper than they can be bought elsewhere in the County. ☞Call early and select from our large and varied assortment.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS,
April 4. Red Front.

A Fresh Assortment of Goods

RECEIVED AT REININGER'S.

THE subscriber has just returned from the City with another and most splendid assortment of GOODS for Gentlemen's Wear—to which he calls the attention of the Public. He has selected his stock with great care, and can sell and manufacture every variety of CLOTHING in the cheapest and most substantial manner. He desires all who desire to be well fitted with good, genteel Spring and Fall Clothing, to give him a call. He cannot be excelled in the town.—Every one, therefore, who desires a Bargain, should call with him at his Merchant Tailoring Establishment in Carlisle street, next door to McConaughy's Hall.

April 4. JACOB REININGER.

Groceries! Groceries!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL—Molasses and Sugar by the barrel, Coffee by the sack, and all kinds of Groceries, either by the quantity or in small amounts, at prices that defy competition. Call at once at

April 4. FAHNESTOCK BRO'S.

FANCY BONNETS and TRIMMINGS very handsome—Call and see them at the Store of GEORGE ARNOLD.

CEDAR WARE—A large assortment at reduced prices at FAHNESTOCK'S.

NEW GOODS.

GEORGE ARNOLD has just received, and is now opening, the largest and most beautiful assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

that has been offered to the public at any time; also, a lot of beautiful Fancy BONNETS, Bonnet Trimmings, Shawls, Hosiery, Gloves, &c., &c.; also, a large stock of

GENTLEMEN'S DRESS GOODS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &c.,

all of which have been bought low for Cash, and will be sold cheap. All persons are invited to call. The Ladies' attention is particularly invited to my stock of Dress Goods, which for beauty of style cannot be beat.

April 4. tf

Railroad Store.

J. C. GUINN & BRO., have just received and are opening at their new store on the North-west corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, a large and complete assortment of Spring and Summer Goods and Groceries.—The ladies particularly are invited to call and examine our superior styles of Dress Goods and Fancy articles, embracing everything coming properly under this head, at prices not heretofore equalled, and in quality surpassed by none.

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR,

of every description, consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinerts, Coatings, Vestings, &c., which cannot be surpassed in quality and price.

Our stock of Groceries is also complete, while every other article generally found in a Dry Goods store can be had at the "RAILROAD STORE" of J. C. Guinn & Bro. Believing that the public can suit themselves better here than elsewhere, we invite them to give us a call. For the proof of our assertion, call and examine our stock, even if you don't buy. [April 4.

REMOVAL.

Alexander Frazer,

CLOCK AND WATCH-MAKER,

HAS removed his shop to the room on the West side of the Public Square, lately occupied by David A. Buehler, Esq., as a Law Office, where he will always be happy to attend to the calls of customers.—Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by strict attention to business, and a desire to please, to merit and receive the patronage of the public.

Gettysburg, April 4. tf

$5 REWARD.

WAS LOST, during last week, by the undersigned, a POCKET BOOK, containing sundry Sale Notes, Due Bills, Receipts, &c. The papers will be of no use to the finder, but their loss may put the subscriber to inconvenience, who will cheerfully pay the above Reward, for the return of the Pocket-book and Papers, either to himself, or by leaving them at the "Sentinel" Office.

☞All persons owing the subscriber on Sale Notes, Due bills, &c., are hereby notified not to pay the same to any person but myself.

JOSEPH WIBLE.

March 28. 3t

COUNTY BUILDINGS

AT PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be offered at Public Sale, on the premises, on *Saturday the 16th day of April next,*

The Old Court-house,

situated in the centre of the Public Square, Gettysburg, and the

"County Building"

close by, in which the offices of the Prothonotary, Register, Clerk of the Courts, &c. are kept, with the ground on which the latter building stands.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given, and terms made known by

JOSIAH BENNER,
J. RAFFENSPERGER,
DANIEL GEISELMAN,
Commissioners of Adams county.

Attest—J. M. WALTER, Clerk.
March 28. td

Assignee's Sale

OF A VALUABLE IRON AND BRASS FOUNDRY.

THE undersigned, Assignee under a deed of voluntary assignment, for the benefit of creditors, by THOMAS WARREN and WIFE, will sell at Public Sale, *on Tuesday, the 19th day of April, at 2 o'clock, P. M.,* on the premises, in Gettysburg, the following valuable property, viz:

TWO LOTS OF GROUND, fronting on Railroad street, on which is erected a valuable Iron and Brass Foundry, known as the "GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY," with all the necessary apparatus, Steam Engine, Flasks, Patterns, Tools, &c. The Foundry is now in running order and doing a good business.

☞Attendance will be given, and terms made known by

SAMUEL WEAVER, *Assignee.*

March 28. ts

Gettysburg Female Seminary.

THE Summer Session of this Institution will commence on the *second Monday of April*, (April 11th.) For particulars inquire at the residence of Rev. D. EYSTER, Baltimore street, Gettysburg.

March 21. 3t

REMOVED.

DAVID A. BUEHLER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HAS REMOVED his Office to his residence on Baltimore street, opposite the New Court-House.

March 28. 3t

Marble Yard Removed.

THE subscriber having removed his place of business to East York Street, a short distance below St. James' Church, would announce to the public that he is still prepared to furnish all kinds of work in his line, such as Monuments, Headstones, &c., &c., of every variety of style and finish, with and without bases and sockets, to suit purchasers, and at prices to suit the times. Persons desiring anything in his line will find it a decided advantage to examine his stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

March 21. tf] WM. B. MEALS.

New Lumber Yard.

THE undersigned have opened a Lumber Yard, at their Ware-house, corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, Gettysburg, where they now have LUMBER on hand and will constantly keep a large assortment, to which they ask the attention of buyers.—Their prices are as low as the lowest, and no efforts spared to accommodate.

KLINEFELTER, SEITZ & CO.

March 28. 3m

MOLASSES, from 37½ to 75 cents per gallon, and Coffees from 12 to 14 cents per pound—tip top articles, and worthy the attention of housekeepers, at

DANNER & ZIEGLER, Jrs.

POWDER, Shot, B. Lead, & Percussion Caps, for sale at SCOTT'S.

BUILDING MATERIALS—Paints, Oils, &c., always on hand and will be furnished at low rates at FAHNESTOCK'S

Tavern Licenses.

THE following applications to keep Public Houses of Entertainment in the County of Adams, have been filed in my Office, with the requisite number of signers, and I will be presented at the Court of Quarter Sessions, on the 18th of April next:

Geo W. M'Clellan,	Bor. of Gettysburg,
Harvey D. Wattles,	" "
John L. Tate,	" "
Benjamin Schriver,	" "
Francis J. Wilson,	Berwick Borough,
Henry Kohler,	" "
John A. H. Rether,	Butler Township,
John Bushey, sen.,	Conowago "
Francis Bream.	Cumberland "
David Goodyear,	Franklin "
Hezekiah Latshaw,	" "
Henry Munshower,	" "
Jacob Shaner,	" "
Daniel Bitner,	" "
Martin Boyer,	" "
George Bear,	" "
Peter Dillon,	" "
Joseph Barker,	Germany "
Peter Lingenfelter,	" "
Levi Krebs,	" "
John Miller,	" "
Henry Hoffman,	Hamilton "
Peter Shively,	Hamiltonban "
Reuben Stem,	" "
Barney Bigham,	" "
Mary Hildebrand,	Huntington "
John D. Becker,	" "
Conrad Moul,	Latimore "
Charles Myers,	Menallen "
Mary Brough,	Mountplea't "
J. E. Smith,	" "
George F. Becker,	Oxford "
Jacob Martin,	" "
George Shane,	" "
Robert M. Dicks,	Reading "
Jacob L. Grass,	Straban "
Jacob Sanders,	" "
John Eckenrode,	Tyrone "
Allen M. Cook,	" "
Abraham Sell,	Union "
Peter Long.	" "

STORE LICENSES.

Reily & Sheeringer,	Conowago "
John H. Spaulding,	Germany "
John Rebert,	Mt. Joy "
John Yost,	" "
John L. Smith,	Oxford "

H. G. WOLF,
March 28.—4t *Clerk of Quarter Sessions.*

Wells, Fargo & Co.

New York and California Express and Exchange Company.

Capital $600,000.

FORWARD Freight of every description to all points in California, Oregon and Washington Territory.

☞Rates as low as of any responsible Company.

Expresses leave New York on the 5th and 20th of each month.

Exchange for sale on San Francisco, Oregon, Sandwich Islands and Havana.

CALIFORNIA COLLECTIONS.

☞Our San Francisco house gives especial attention to Collections on all points in California and Oregon, with prompt returns. Manufacturers and Merchants, making sales for California or Oregon, can transmit their bills of lading through our house, and have the invoices paid for on arrival of the goods there; thus giving purchasers full benefit of time on sales, and yet the sellers maintaining control of their property until paid for.

OFFICES.

New York—82 Broadway.
Boston—40 Court Square.
Philadelphia—400 Chestnut street.
Baltimore—77 Smith's wharf.
San Francisco—Corner Montgomery and California streets.

March 28. 3m

NOTICE.

THE second and final account of JOSEPH LILLY, Assignee of GEORGE LILLY, has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, and will be confirmed by said Court on the 18th day of April next, unless cause be shown to the contrary.

JACOB BUSHEY, *Proth'y.*

Prothonotary's Office, Gettysburg, March 21, 1859. } td

BONNETS & FANCY GOODS!

MISS McCREARY has just returned from the city, and is now opening a complete stock of BONNETS at all prices, from seventy-five cents to ten dollars, also

BONNET MATERIALS,
RIBBONS,
FLOWERS, a splendid assortment,
PLUMES, all colors,
RUCHES and CAPS.

Bonnet Frames, Nets and Illusions, Veils, Fancy head-dresses, Lace, Embroideries, and Trimmings of every description, Gloves and Hosiery, SHAWLS and MANTILLAS.

All of which will be sold at the very lowest cash prices.

Oct. 11. tf

Fresh Arrival!

STILL COMING!—Just received at the Store of COBEAN & CULP, a large supply of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES.—All of the latest Spring and Summer styles of Hats and Caps in the market just opened. Call and see them. They have never been excelled in quality and price in Gettysburg before. Also, having been fortunate in a new stock of Boots and Shoes, we are enabled to offer such bargains as will astonish the public

☞We have also added to our stock of WALL PAPER another supply of the most beautiful Patterns. COBEAN & CULP.

March 21. tf

COOKING STOVES

OF

Every Variety

FOR SALE

At the New Ware Room of

Sheads, Buehler & Kurtz,

Corner of Carlisle and Railroad Streets.

WASHINGTON HOUSE.

ISRAEL FOUNT, Proprietor.

CORNER of Railroad and Carlisle Streets, immediately opposite the Passenger Depot, Gettysburg, Pa. This new House, recently opened, is now one of the most convenient and best furnished Houses in the interior of the State.

☞Charges reasonable.

Feb. 14. tf

Flour & Feed.

THE undersigned will hereafter constantly keep on hand a supply of FLOUR & FEED, of the best quality. His arrangements with those who supply him, will enable him to sell cheaper than it can be had elsewhere. Those who want to buy the best and cheapest Flour will call at the store of

BOYER & SON.

HOUSE SPOUTING and TIN ROOFING promptly attended to by *GEORGE E. BUEHLER*

ALL kinds of *CEDAR & WILLOW WARE* or sale low by *Gillespie & Thomas.*

FLOUR & COMMISSION HOUSE,

NO. 101, N. HOWARD STREET,

BALTIMORE.

(ESTABLISHED A. D. 1785.)

WE take this means of reminding our friends in Adams and the neighboring Counties, that we still carry on business at our old Warehouse, where we are prepared to purchase or receive on consignment COUNTRY PRODUCE, especially FLOUR and GRAIN. Our experience and standing, together with our favorable location (our Warehouse being on the line of the Railroad) warrant us in hoping that we shall be able, not only to retain our old customers but also to extend our business in this section of country.

PETER SAUERWEIN & SON.

Baltimore, Dec. 6. 1y

C. W. SLAGLE & CO.

Commission and Produce Merchants,

Nos 113 & 138 North Street, Baltimore,

BEING established in the Commission business for a number of years, they solicit consignments, and pay particular attention to the sale of GRAIN of all kinds, Flour, Clover Seed, Whiskey and Country Produce generally. We remit proceeds promptly. Tracks from the Northern Central Railroad run into our Warehouses.

Refer to Klinefelter, Seitz & Co., Gettysburg, and E. B. Buehler, Esq.

Jan. 3. 1y

A. H. FRANCISCUS,

No. 241 MARKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

KEEPS the largest and best assorted stock of Carpet Chain, Cotton Yarns, Wadding, Cotton Laps, Twines, Coverlet Yarn, Bed Cords, Wash Lines, Rope in Coils, Seine Twine, Indigo blue Twist, Lamp, Candle, Camphene, Lard and Fluid Wicks in the City—also a great variety of FLY NETS, which he offers at manufacturers Cash prices.

Feb. 7. 3m

Wine of Tar,

AS bright, sparkling and grateful as the Wine of Grapes.

Very effective in diminishing profuse expectoration, in relieving Cough, and promoting a healthy condition of the organs of respiration.

Pint Bottles 37½ cents.

Made by HUBBELL, Pharmaceutical Chemist, 1410 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

March 14. 1m

Wholesale and Retail

LIQUOR STORE.—The undersigned respectfully announce to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally, that they have opened a new LIQUOR STORE on Railroad street, south side, and midway between the Passenger and Freight Depot, and have made arrangements to keep constantly on hand a full supply of all kinds of Liquors, FOREIGN & DOMESTIC, such as Brandies, Wines, Holland and Domestic Gins, Old Rye and Rectified Whiskey, Champagne, Ginger Brandy, Cherry Brandy, Cordials, Kimmel, Anise, and Wines of every grade.

The above Liquors will be furnished at the most reasonable rates and warranted good.—By strict attention to business and an effort to please, we hope to merit the patronage of the public.

☞All orders promptly attended to.

Feb. 28.—tf COVER & KUHN.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Hon. ROBERT J. FISHER, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas in the Counties composing the 19th District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the said district, and DAVID ZIEGLER, & ISAAC E. WIERMAN, Esq., Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas, and Justices of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the County of Adams—have issued their precept, bearing date the 19th day of January, in the year of our LORD one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and General Jail Delivery and Court of Oyer and Terminer, at Gettysburg, on *Monday the 18th of April* next—

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and Constables within the said County of Adams, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations, and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also, they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or then shall be in the Jail of the said County of Adams, are to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

ISAAC LIGHTNER, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, March 28, 1859. } td

MOREHEAD'S
MAGNETIC PLASTER

The Great Strengthener and Pain Destroyer.

THE best and cheapest Household Remedy in the World. Simple and pleasant in its application, certain and effectual in its result. A beautiful, scientific, external Curative, applicable for the relief of Pain at any time, in any place, in any part of the human system, and under all circumstances. If you put this Plaster anywhere, if Pain is there, the Plaster will stick there until the Pain has vanished. The Plaster magnetizes the Pain away, and

PAIN CANNOT EXIST WHERE THIS PLASTER IS APPLIED.

Rheumatism, Lameness, Stiffness, Weakness, Debility, Nervousness, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Coughs and Colds, Pains and Aches of every kind, down even to Corns, are IMMEDIATELY RELIEVED, and, with a little patience, PERMANENTLY CURED, by the magical influence of the MAGNETIC PLASTER. It is the simplest, surest, safest, pleasantest and cheapest remedy in existence. Its application is universal—equally to the strong man, the delicate woman, and the feeble infant. To each and all it will prove a Balm and a Blessing. Its use is agreeable, and without annoyance or trouble. Its price is within reach of all—rich or poor; all may have it, and all should have it who are sick, and suffering in any way.

FARMERS should be always supplied with this invaluable PLASTER. It will be the Good Physician in any household, ready at all times, and at instant notice.

Put up in air-tight tin boxes. Each box will make six to eight plasters, and any child can spread them. Price 25 cents a box, with full and plain directions

D. C. MOREHEAD, M. D.,
Inventor and Proprietor, 10 Walker st., New York.

Morehead's Magnetic Plaster is sold by all Druggists in every City, Town, and Village of the United States.

☞For sale by A. D. Buehler, Gettysburg.

Nov. 8. eowly

MISS McCREARY has just returned from the city with a fresh assortment of Neapolitan, English Straw and Colored Straw Bonnets. Call and see them.

STRAINER MILK BUCKETS can be had at all times by calling at BUEHLER'S, in Chambersburg street.

SMALL FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers at Private Sale, A FARM, containing 40 ACRES and 8 Perches, neat; of a copper-stone soil; more than 30 Acres of which are cleared, and in a good state of cultivation. The remainder is timbered, principally, with thriving young Chestnut. The buildings are a good TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE, plastered; sufficiently commodious for the accommodation of any ordinary family; with Porch and Balcony, and a Cellar under the whole house; a good BANK BARN, with Wagon shed, Corn-crib, Cooper-shop, Dry house, &c.

There is thereon a thriving young APPLE ORCHARD of grafted Fruit. Also, a Peach Orchard, and a number of choice grafted Cherry-trees, &c., &c.

Said Farm is pleasantly situated in Menallen township, Adams county, in the neighborhood of Wenk's School-house—an intelligent and enterprising neighborhood.

☞Persons wishing to view the above property, can do so by calling on Mr. Wm. Funt, residing thereon, or on the subscriber.

For terms of sale, see the subscriber, near Whitestown, Huntington township.

March 7.—tf J. D. SOURS.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT *PRIVATE SALE.*

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale, all his Real Estate, as follows:

No. 1.—My late residence in Gettysburg, fronting 30 feet on Chambersburg street; with Brick Dwelling, Stable and other improvements.

No. 2—Lot adjoining the above on the West, fronting 29 feet on street, with Stable, &c.

No. 3.—Lot adjoining No. 2, fronting 25 feet on same street, with large Coach Shop, and other improvements.

No. 4.—Lot adjoining No. 3, fronting 29 feet, with double Brick Dwelling, Smith Shop, &c.

No. 5—Lot west of the Foundry, with Steam Saw and Grist Mill.

No. 6—Lot adjoining No. 5, containing about 3 acres.

No. 7—Three Lots fronting each 30 feet on Chambersburg street.

No. 9.—Lot northeast of Town, containing about 4½ acres.

No. 11.—Coach Establishment in Shepherdstown, Va., with good will, &c. The location is an admirable one for business, and improvements in good order.

☞Titles good, and terms to suit purchasers. Enquire of D. A. BUEHLER, Esq., Gettysburg, or the undersigned residing in Shepherdstown, Va. C. W. HOFFMAN.

Jan. 18.

Valuable Farm FOR SALE.

THE subscriber, Assignee of HENRY S. MINNIGH & WIFE, for the benefit of Creditors, offers at Private Sale, that desirable Property, in Cumberland township, Adams county, lying about 1½ miles west of Gettysburg, and north of the Chambersburg Turnpike, adjoining lands of James J. Wills, Esq., Heirs of John Hartzell, deceased, Samuel Hartzell, Frederick Herr, Abraham Spangler and others,

Containing 155 Acres, more or less.

The Improvements are a two-story DOUBLE

STONE HOUSE,

with two-story Back-buildings, having a Basement Kitchen above ground, a Stone Bank Barn, Carriage-house, &c., stone Spring-house, with a never-failing spring, Pump of never-failing water near the door, and

Three Orchards,

two of which are new, the latter containing about 1,000 Peach-trees, 100 Apple, together with a variety of other Fruit-trees on the premises. There is running water in almost all the fields. The Farm is in a good state of cultivation and fencing.—About 15 Acres are in Timber, and there is a good proportion of Meadow.

Persons desiring to view the property can be shown the same by calling on the family residing thereon, or on the subscriber. J. B. DANNER, *Assignee.*

Nov. 15. tf

WHAT THE PRESS SAYS.

"COSTAR'S" Exterminators are invaluable remedies for clearing houses of all sorts of vermin. With all confidence we recommend them.—N. Y. Daily State Register.

"COSTAR'S" remedies for all domestic pests, such as Rats, Roaches, Bed-bugs, Ants, Fleas, &c., are invaluable; we can speak from actual knowledge of their merits.—Druggists and Dealers should send their orders early, if they would secure a trade in them.—New York Journal.

"I shall write something about your Exterminators, as I can do so with propriety. They are selling rapidly here and destroying all vermin.—Ed. "Banner," Fayette, Mo.

"Death to all Vermin."

As Spring approaches,
Ants and Roaches,
From their hole come out,
And Mice and Rats,
In spite of Cats,
Gaily skip about,
Bed-Bugs bite
You, in the night,
As on the bed you slumber,
While Insects crawl
Thro' chamber and hall,
In squads without number.

It is truly wonderful with what certainty, Rats, Roaches, Mice, Moles, Ground Mice, Bed-bugs, Ants, Moths, Mosquitoes, Fleas, Insects on Animals, in short every species of Vermin, are totally destroyed and exterminated by

"Costar's" Rat, Roach, &c. Exterminator,
"Costar's" Bed bug Exterminator,
"Costar's" Electric Powder, for Insects,

Supplied direct by mail, to any address in the United States, as follows:

On receipt of $1,00, a box each of the Rat, Roach, &c., Ext.:

On receipt of $2,00, a box each of the Rat, Roach, &c., Ext. and Electric Powders, (sent postage paid, sufficient to destroy the vermin on any premises,)

Sold by Druggists and Dealers every where.

"Costar's" Principal Depot, 426 Broadway, N. Y.

P. S.—Circulars, terms, &c., sent by mail on application.

☞Wholesale Agents for Pennsylvania:

COSTAR'S BRANCH DEPOT,
Northeast corner Fifth and Arch Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
And Wholesale Dealers generally.

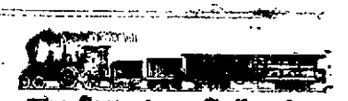
Cannon & Adair's NEW MARBLE WORKS,

CORNER of Baltimore and East Middle street, directly opposite the new Court House, Gettysburg. Having recently arrived from Philadelphia, and feeling fully competent to execute all work in the finest style of the art, we would respectfully invite the attention of the public wishing to procure anything in our line, to favor us with a call and examine specimens of our work. We are prepared to furnish **Monuments, Tombs and Headstones, Marble Mantles, Slabs** for Cabinet makers, and all other work appertaining to our business, at the lowest possible prices. We do not hesitate to guarantee that our work shall be put up in a manner substantial and tasteful equal to the best to be seen in the cities, where every improvement which experience has suggested is availed of, and especially do we guarantee that our Cemetery and Grave Yard work shall be so carefully set as not to be affected by frost, but shall maintain for years that erectness of position given at the completion of a job, and so necessary to continued gracefulness and symmetry.

Oct. 25. tf

STOVE PIPE, of all sizes, made to order at BUEHLER'S, in Chambersburg st.

LARD CANS of different sizes now ready and for sale at GEO. E. BUEHLER'S.



The Gettysburg Railroad.

Change of Hours for Running of Trains.

THE MORNING TRAIN, will leave Gettysburg at 7.30 A. M., with passengers for Baltimore, York, Columbia, Harrisburg, Philadelphia and the North and West, returning to Gettysburg at 1.30 P. M., with passengers from Baltimore.

THE AFTERNOON TRAIN, will leave Gettysburg at 2.30 P. M., for Hanover, returning about 6.30 P. M., with passengers from York, Columbia, Harrisburg, Philadelphia and the north and west.

The above arrangement has, of necessity, to be adopted at present, but it is expected that early in March such a Spring arrangement of running of trains will be made on the Northern Central Railroad as to enable passengers over the Gettysburg Railroad to go through to Baltimore without delay such as the present arrangement will occasion.

ROBERT McCURDY, *Pres't.*

Feb. 21. tf

CALL AND SEE THE

CELEBRATED

New Jersey Reaper & Mower

AT THE

New Ware Room of

SHEADS, BUEHLER & KURTZ

WHAT! AGAIN?

YES, 'TIS EVEN SO!

THAT FRANKLIN B. PICKING has just received another large cargo of

Winter Clothing

which is now being opened at his Clothing Emporium, in Chambersburg street, opposite the English Lutheran Church. It is the most complete assortment of Winter Clothing, of every variety, ever opened in Adams county, and what is better, having been fortunate in making his purchases, he is enabled to offer bargains truly surprising. His stock of Coats, Pants, Vests, Shirts, Collars, Drawers, Socks, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Comforts and a thousand other things, are worth calling to see.—Without further particularizing, we say unto all come and see.

Dec. 13. F. B. PICKING.

Old Dominion Coffee Pot.

A DESIRABLE improvement in making coffee, by which one-fourth less coffee is required and a stronger and more highly flavored beverage is made. You can boil coffee in it for any length of time without one particle of the strength or aroma escaping. Those fond of a good cup of coffee, and at the same time wishing to save one fourth the expense should call at once and buy an Old Dominion coffee Pot at the cheap store of

FAHNESTOCK BROS.

Nov. 29.

Wall Paper! Wall Paper!!

R. F. McILHENY,

RESPECTFULLY invites the attention of the public to his large stock of Wall Paper, and announces to his friends and customers, that he has made arrangements to have on hand a full and complete line of Samples from 8 cents up to 50 cents a roll—so that persons failing to be suited with his large stock on hand, can select from his Sample Book and be furnished with paper at any price and in any quantity in two or three days notice.

Jan. 24. tf

LUMBER—LUMBER!

EVERY VARIETY OF

LUMBER

can be had at the

COAL & LUMBER YARD

OF

Sheads, Buehler & Kurtz,

Corner of Carlisle & Railroad Streets.

WALL PAPER.

WE have just received from the City large assortment of WALL PAPER and WINDOW BLINDS of the latest styles, and will be sold at the lowest rates possible. We have also the best and cheapest articles of *Window Blind Fixtures*, which are in the market.

We have still on hand a good assortment of HATS, SHOES & HARNESS, and other articles in our line of business. Give us a call—we will sell at prices to suit the times.

Feb. 7.—tf COBEAN & CULP.

New Livery Establishment.

CHARLES M. TATE has opened a new Livery Establishment, at the stables on Washington street, occupied in part by the "Eagle Hotel," and has made such arrangements as will enable him to accommodate the public at all times, on reasonable terms, with Horses, Buggies, Hacks, &c. His stock is good. On funeral occasions, &c., he will be able to supply a want which has been much needed. ☞Terms CASH.

May 31.

FRESH GROCERIES.

COME AND SEE.

NORBECK & MARTIN have just received from the city a large lot of fresh Goods in their line. Sugar of all qualities and prices; Molasses, five different kinds; Coffees, three kinds: Teas, embracing every variety; Cheese, Crackers, Mackarel, Brooms, Brushes, &c., &c.; Powder and Shot, Pencils, and a variety of Fancy Articles.

April 12.

Boots & Shoes.

JU

Professional Cards.

DR. A. W. DORSEY,

FORMERLY of Carroll county, Md., having permanently located in Gettysburg, offers his professional services to the citizens of the town and surrounding country in the practice of the various branches of his profession. Office and residence, Baltimore street, next door to the Compiler office, where he may be found at all times when not professionally engaged.

REFERENCES.

Prof. Nathan R. Smith, Baltimore, Md.
Rev. Augustus Webster, D. D., Baltimore, Md.
Dr. J. L. Warfield, Dr. W. A. Mathias, Jacob Reese, Esq., John K. Longwell, Esq., Geo. E. Wampler, Esq., Westminster, Md.
Rev. Thomas Bowen, Gettysburg

Oct. 25. 6m

Chas. R. Doran, M. D.

OFFICE Baltimore street one door south of the Presbyterian Church, and opposite David McCreary's Saddlery establishment.

Oct. 4. 6m

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.

HAS his Office one door west of the Lutheran church, on Chambersburg strt., opposite F. Picking's Store, where persons wishing to have any Dental operations performed are respectfully invited to call.

REFERENCES.

Rev. C. P. Krauth, D. D.	Prof. Muhlenberg,
Prof. M. Jacobs,	" M. L. Stoever
" H. L. Baugher,	Dr. H. S. Huber.

April 18.

WM. B. M'CLELLAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE on the south side of the Public Square, two doors west of the 'Sentinel' Office.

Dec. 23.

D. M'CONAUGHY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office removed to one door west of Buehler's Drug & Book-Store, Chambersburg street.)

ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR

For Pensions and Patents,

Bounty Land Warrants, Back-Pay Suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D. C.; also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given.

Lands for sale in Iowa, Illinois, and other Western States; and Agents engaged locating Warrants there.

☞Apply to him personally or by letter.
Gettysburg, Nov. 7.

SUNBEAM GALLERY.

THE subscriber would respectfully announce to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally, that he has provided himself with an entire new and splendid SKY-LIGHT AMBROTYPE ROOM, at his residence in West Middle street, one Square west of Fahnestock's Store, where he is prepared to furnish

AMBRO, MELAINO, ENAMEL, AND PHOTOGRAPH PICTURES,

in every style of the art, which he will warrant to give entire satisfaction, and is prepared to accommodate all with GOOD PICTURES, either single or in groups. He also has a number of specimens at his room in Chambersburg Street, a few doors West of Bringman & Culp's large Shoe Store, where he still continues as formerly to take pictures.

All who desire a correct likeness of themselves and friends, will do well to give us a call, as we have reduced our prices to suit the present "Hard Times."

Pictures copied from old specimens of all kinds; also, inserted in Lockets, Breast-Pins, Finger-Rings, &c.

The subscriber being thankful to his friends and the public in general for past patronage, wishes them to continue it, and assures them, that as heretofore they shall not be dissatisfied.

☞Charges from 50 cts. to $10. Hours for operating from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M. Gold Lockets and Breastpins, suitable for miniatures, always on hand, at the very lowest prices.

☞Children will not be taken for less than $1,00.

☞AMBROTYPES taken from one dollar and upwards, and in the best style.

May 3. SAMUEL WEAVER.

"AT HOME AGAIN!"

M. SAMSON would announce to his friends and the public, that he has just returned from New York with a larger assortment than ever of new Goods, comprising every variety of MEN'S and BOY'S WINTER CLOTHING of the latest styles and unsurpassed in quality and cheapness, viz: Over Coats from $4 up to $14; Pants from $1 to $6; Dress Coats from $2 50 to $14; Vests from 37½ cents to $9; Undershirts and Drawers; Buckskin, Fur and Cotton Gloves; Handkerchiefs, Cravats, Shirts, Collars, &c., at all prices. Also the largest and best lot of Fine and Heavy BOOTS and SHOES ever offered in this market and will be sold at prices to suit the times—Boots from $1 25 to $4 50; Shoes from $1 to $1 75; and a fine assortment of Patent Leather and Calf-skin Gaiters from $1 00 to $3; HATS of various styles, Silk, Fur and Wool, from 37½ cents to $3; also a new lot of Fancy Goods, Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Guitars, Violins, Flutes, &c.; and last, but not least, a lot of fine Chewing TOBACCO, known by all who have tried it as very superior.

Having been in New York for the last three months, these goods have all been bought at auction for CASH, and as the season has advanced and money scarce, I am induced to offer them at such prices as must be satisfactory to all. All who want the worth of their money and a little more should call soon.—No trouble to show our Goods.

Jan. 17.

Hats & Caps.

THE subscriber has just received from Philadelphia a very large and full assortment of Hats and Caps of every variety and of the most fashionable styles, consisting of No. 1 Mole Skin, No. 2 do., black Rockland (Gentlemen's Dress,) Men's Napped Rockland, (black,) Sax, French, Felt, Plaid, Cable, Mozart, &c., &c.; together with a large assortment of Boys' common and dress Slouch Hats and Caps. Being determined to accommodate he invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine his goods, feeling confident that the quality of his goods and the prices at which they are sold cannot fail to give satisfaction.

Nov. 1. R. F. M'ILHENY.

LIME!-LIME!! LIME!!!

THE undersigned have made arrangements, by which they will be ready to supply LIME in any quantities, at the lowest prices, as soon as the Railroad is completed. They are ready to receive orders.

SHEADS, BUEHLER & KURTZ.
Nov. 22. tf

DOMESTIC GOODS, of every variety, at SCHICK'S, consisting of Prints, Muslins, Ginghams, Checks, Tickings, Sheetings, &c., &c.

CLOTHS.—Cassimeres, and every article of men's wear, good and cheap at
J. C. GUINN & BRO'S

NAILS.—A big lot of Avalon Nails, all sizes, of the best quality manufactured, very low for Cash, at
DANNER & ZEIGLER, Jrs.

FARMERS & MERCHANTS THIS WAY.

WE have now opened our large and commodious Warehouse on Corner of Stratton and Railroad streets, near the Depot of the Gettysburg Railroad Company, and are prepared to receive all kinds of produce, viz:

Flour, Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats,

Seeds, &c., also have for sale Salt, Guanos, Plaster, Fish, &c., also a large stock of Groceries just received, consisting of Sugar, Coffee, Syrups, Molasses, Teas, Rice, Oils, Spices of all kinds, Cedar ware, &c., &c., also Brenig, Fronfield & Co's Celebrated Vegetable Cattle Powder. Merchants will do well by calling and examining our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as our motto will be "quick sales and small profits." Wholesale and Retail. Hoping by strict attention to business and a desire to share a part of public patronage

KLINEFELTER, SEITZ & CO.
Gettysburg, Nov 15.

THE CARS ARE HERE!

New Grain and Produce House,

ON CHAMBERSBURG STREET.

THE undersigned having purchased the large building in the rear of his store on Chambersburg street, known as "Camp's Brewery," has converted it into a Produce Ware House, and is now prepared to receive all kinds of Grain and Produce, to wit:

FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN,

Oats, Seeds &c., for which the highest market price will be given.

☞To accommodate those who may prefer it, I will also receive on COMMISSION and forward Produce of all kinds, having made arrangements for that purpose with a responsible House in the City.

I will also continue my Grocery and Variety Store, and will keep on hand

Groceries

of all kinds, Salt, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Teas, Rice Oils, Spices, Fish Cedar-ware, &c. Having just received a very large supply, purchased on remarkably favorable terms, I am prepared to furnish Country Dealers very cheaply, and will sell at all times, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. The public are invited to call before purchasing elsewhere as I am determined to sell as cheap as the cheapest, on the principle of "Quick Sales and Small Profits."

JOHN SCOTT.
Dec. 13. tf

THE CARS ARE COMING!

All Things are Ready!

THE undersigned has the pleasure of announcing to his old country friends—farmers and merchants—as well as the citizens of Gettysburg, and "the rest of mankind," that his new and commodious Warehouse is now open, and that he is receiving

Grain and Produce

of all kinds, for which he is paying the highest market prices, and while the public can dispose of their produce to the best advantage, they can be supplied in return with Groceries,

Salt, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Teas, Rice

&c., &c., also, Guano, Plaster, Oils, cedarware and a thousand other things not here mentioned. Wholesale, Retail, and cheap as the cheapest is our motto. If the people consult their own interests, and act wisely, they will not forget the undersigned. Hoping the familiar faces of all my old customers will meet me again, and with them many new ones, I shall endeavor to please them.

JOHN HOKE.
Gettysburg, Nov. 22. tf

THIS WAY!

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

J. C. Guinn & Brother

HAVE just returned from the East with the largest and best selected stock of Goods ever offered in this market, all of which will be sold cheap, such as Delaines, Delaine Robes, Cashmeres, Coburg Cloths, Alpacas, Debaises, Ginghams, square and long Shawls, Blankets and Domestic Goods of all prices. Men's Wear in great variety, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Jeans, blue, black, brown, and green Cloths; a large assortment of Vestings. Also, Groceries and Spices of every description, which will be sold cheaper than the cheapest. Give us a call. All we ask is to show the goods and we will be satisfied with the result. No trouble to show goods.

J. C. GUINN & BRO.
Oct. 25. tf

Fahnestock Brothers

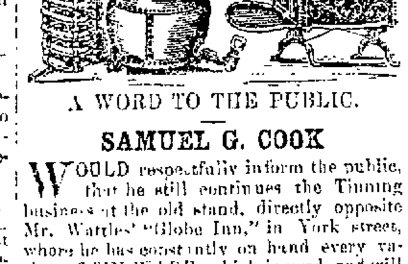
JUST from the city with a large, elegant and cheap assortment of Fall and Winter Goods. We are prepared to offer prettier styles and at lower rates than have been offered in this market for a long time. We have received a great variety of staple and fashionable Dress Goods for Ladies, of new styles, designs, and embracing the newest patterns at present worn in the cities. For Men's Wear we have everything desirable in that line, and without attempting to particularize are prepared to offer every thing usually kept in a Dry Goods Store at prices to suit the times. Call at once and select from the new stock at FAHNESTOCK BRO'S.

Oct 18. tf

CALL AT REININGER'S FOR BARGAINS!

THE subscriber has just returned from the City with another and most splendid assortment of GOODS for Gentlemen's Wear—to which he calls the attention of the Public. He has selected his stock with great care, and can sell and manufacture every variety of CLOTHING in the cheapest and most substantial manner. He desires all who desire to be well fitted with good, genteel Fall & Winter Clothing, to give him a call. He cannot be excelled in the town.—Every one, therefore, who desires a Bargain, should call with him at his Merchant Tailoring Establishment in Carlisle street, next door to M'Conaughy's Hall.

Oct. 11. JACOB REININGER.



A WORD TO THE PUBLIC.

SAMUEL G. COOK

WOULD respectfully inform the public, that he still continues the Tinning business at the old stand, directly opposite Mr. Wattles' "Globe Inn," in York street, where he has constantly on hand every variety of TIN WARE, which is used, and will promptly make to order any thing in his line. He invites a call confident he can please.—He also attends promptly to SPOUTING of Houses and Barns, as also to TIN ROOFING—all executed in the best manner.

STOVE PIPE, of all sizes, made to order.

☞WANTED—*Old Copper, Brass and Pewter.*

Gettysburg, Feb. 14. tf

ADAMS COUNTY MUTUAL Fire Insurance Company.

Incorporated March 18, 1851

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.
Vice President—S. R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—David M'Creary.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, Andrew Heintzelman, Jacob King.

MANAGERS:

George Swope,	S. Fahnestock,
D. A. Buehler,	Wm. B. Wilson,
R. M'Curdy,	H. A. Picking,
Jacob King,	Wm. B. M'Clellan,
A. Heintzelman,	John Wolford,
D. M'Creary,	R. G. M'Creary,
J. J. Kerr,	John Horner,
M. Eichelberger,	John Picking,
S. R. Russell,	J. Aughinbaugh,
J. R. Hersh,	Abdiel F. Gitt.
Andrew Polley,	

☞This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in successful operation for more than six years, and in that period has paid all losses and expenses, *without any assessment*, having also a large surplus capital in the Treasury. The Company employs no Agents—all business being done by the Managers, who are annually elected by the Stockholders. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to any of the above named Managers for further information.

☞The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2, P. M.

Sept. 21.

Farmers' and Mechanics' Saving Institution of Adams County, Gettysburg, Pa.,

RECEIVES money on deposit daily from 9 o'clock, A. M., till 3 o'clock, P. M., and on Saturday from 9 o'clock, A. M., till 6 o'clock, P. M. Interest on deposites from 2 to 5 per cent. Special deposits paid agreeably to notice, and transient deposits paid on demand with interest. Interest on special deposits, when made for ten months and upwards, 4 per cent; for three months 3 per cent; on transient deposits, for thirty days and upwards, 2 per cent.; and on regular weekly deposits 5 per cent.

The popularity of this Institution with all classes of the community, both in town and country, and its consequent success, may be ascribed, in part, to the following reasons:

It offers a convenient, responsible and profitable depository to Farmers and Mechanics, to Executors, Administrators, Assignees, Collectors, Agents, and all Public Officers, to Attorneys, Trustees, Societies and Associations, incorporated or otherwise, to married or single Ladies, to Students, Merchants, Clerks, and business-men generally, to Minors, and all who have funds, much or little, to deposit with a return of interest.

Depositors receive books in which is entered their deposits, which books serve as vouchers. They may designate, in case of sickness, death, or absence, who shall receive their deposits, without the intervention of Executors or Administrators.

Feb. 28. tf

Cheap! Cheap! More New Goods.

JACOBS and BRO. have just returned from the city, with a very large assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Summer Goods, and everything else in the men's wear line. They also offer plain and fancy Shirts, Collars, silk and cotton Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, etc. Having bought unusually low, for the cash, they are enabled to sell CHEAPER THAN EVER—an excellent full cloth suit, made up, for $13, for instance. Give them a call at their new establishment, in Chambersburg street, a few doors west of the Court-house, before purchasing elsewhere.

Oct. 25. tf

THIS WAY!

NEW BOOT & SHOE ESTABLISHMENT.

JAMES WILSON

HAS the pleasure of announcing to his friends and the public that he has commenced the *Boot and Shoe* business on his "own hook," on Baltimore street, Gettysburg, opposite Fahnestock's store, and is prepared to make up Boots and Shoes of all kinds, for Gentlemen, Ladies, and Children. I have determined to employ none but the best of hands, and will personally superintend all my work, so that the public can rest assured that no effort will be spared to give satisfaction to customers.

☞Give me a call.

JAMES WILSON
Sept. 6. tf

WINCHESTER & CO.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Store,

AND

Patent Shoulder Seam Shirt Manufact'y,

AT THE OLD STAND,

No. 706 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia,

OPPOSITE THE WASHINGTON HOUSE.

A. WINCHESTER will give, as heretofore, his personal supervision to the Cutting and Manufacturing departments.—Orders for his celebrated style of Shirts and Collars filled at the shortest notice.

Persons desiring to order Shirts, can be supplied with the formula for measurement, on application by mail.

Constantly on hand a varied and select stock of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods.

☞Wholesale orders supplied on liberal terms.

Sept. 13. 1y

J. W. SCOTT,

(Late of the firm of Winchester & Scott,)

Gentlemen's Furnishing Store,

AND

Shirt Manufactory,

814 *Chesnut Street, (nearly opposite the Girard House.) Philadelphia*

J. W. SCOTT would respectfully call the attention of his former patrons and friends to his new Store, and is prepared to fill orders for SHIRTS at short notice. A perfect fit guaranteed. COUNTRY TRADE supplied with FINE SHIRTS and COLLARS. [Sept. 20. 1y

DON'T forget to call at SCHICK'S, all ye who wish to purchase choice articles of Perfumery, Hair Brushes, Soaps, and everything else in that line.

JEWELRY, Watches, Pistols, Violins, Guitars, Accordeons, Harmonicons, eight-day, thirty-hour and Alarm Clocks, at all prices to be had at SAMSON'S.

FOR the newest styles of Goods, always call at SCHICK'S.

TO GET the full worth of your money, make your purchases of Ready made Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Clocks, Violins and every thing else in the variety line, at SAMSON'S.

FLOUR AND FEED always on hand, of the best quality and sold at the smallest profits, at NORBECK & MARTIN'S.

SOCKS, Suspenders, Cravats and Handkerchiefs, at PICKING'S.

RAISINS, bunch and layer cheaper than the cheapest for sale by *Gillespie & Thomas.*

EMBROIDERIES—Very cheap, at MISS McCREARY'S.

HENRY B. DANNER. WAYBRIGHT ZIEGLER.

NEW FIRM—NEW GOODS.

THE undersigned have entered into Partnership in the Hardware and Grocery business, at the Old Stand of DANNER AND ZIEGLER, in Baltimore street, under the name style and title of DANNER and ZIEGLER, Jrs., and ask, and will endeavor to deserve, a continuance of the patronage of the Old Firm, as well as any quantity of new custom.

They have just returned from the Cities with an immense stock of Goods—consisting in part of

Building Materials, such as Nails, Screws, Hinges, Bolts, Locks, Glass, etc., etc.

Tools, including Edge Tools of every description, Saws, Planes, Chisels, Gouges, Braces and Bits, Augers, Squares, Guages, Hammers etc., etc.

Blacksmiths will find Anvils, Vises, Rasps, Files, Horse shoes, Horse-shoe Nails, etc. with them, very cheap.

Coach Findings, such as Cloth, Canvas, Damask, Fringes, Cotton, Moss, Oil-cloth, Springs, Axles, Hubs, Spokes, Felloes, Bows, Poles, Shafts, etc., etc.

Shoe Findings—Tampico, Brush and French Morocco, Linings, Bindings, Pegs, Lasts, Boot-trees, etc., with a general assortment of Shoemaker's Tools.

Cabinet maker's Tools—a general assortment; also, Varnish, Knobs, etc., etc.

Housekeepers will also find a large assortment of Knives and Forks, Britannia, Albata and Silver Plated Table and Tea Spoons, Candlesticks, Waiters, Shovels and Tongs, Sad-irons, Enameled and Brass Kettles, Pans, Tubs, Buckets, Churns, Carpeting, etc., etc.

Also, a general assortment of Forged and Rolled IRON, of all sizes and kinds, Cast, Shear, and Blister Steel, which they will sell as cheap as the cheapest.

Groceries—a full and general assortment, such as Crushed, Pulverized, Clarified, and Brown Sugars, New Orleans West Indies, and Sugar-house Molasses and Syrups, Coffee, Spices, Chocolate, fine coarse, and dairy Salt, Linseed, Fish and Sperm Oil, Turpentine, Fish, etc.

A full assortment of Lead and Zinc, dry and in oil, also Fire proof Paints; in fact, almost every article in the Hardware, Coach Finding, Shoe Finding, House Keeping, Blacksmith, Cabinetmakers, Painters, and Grocery line—all of which they are determined to sell as low for cash as any house out of the City.

HENRY B. DANNER.
WAYBRIGHT ZIEGLER.
Gettysburg, May 24. tf

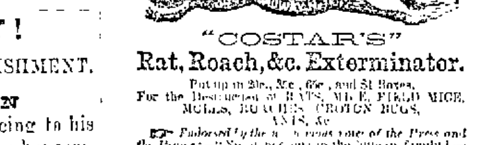
The New-York Omnibus,

THE GREATEST PAPER of THE AGE! *Beautifully Illustrated!*—A Budget of Wit, Humor, Facts, and Scenes drawn from life. The first and paramount object of the OMNIBUS is to present to its readers, though they may be strangers in New-York, such a series of views and maps of the city as shall make them thoroughly acquainted, not only with its highways and public attractions, but with its by-ways and plausible seductions, so that the wayfaring man though a fool, shall not err therein. It will fearlessly expose all the Tricks, Traps, and Impositions of the town, and present to the country reader a thorough compend of city life, with all its Snares, Swindles, and Amusing Incidents.

No young man or family should be without it. The OMNIBUS is issued regularly on the 15th of each month, at the low price of, *Fifty Cents a Year—Three Copies for One Dollar!* All communications and subscriptions should be addressed to

CHAS. P. BRITTON, Editor and Proprietor, No. 80 Beekman street, New-York
March 14. 8t

"Death to all Vermin!"



"COSTAR'S"

Rat, Roach, &c. Exterminator.

Put up in 25c., 50c., 75c., and $1 Boxes.
For the Destruction of RATS, MICE, FIELD MICE, MOLES, ROACHES, CROTON BUGS, ANTS, &c.

☞Endorsed by the unanimous voice of the Press and the People;—"Not dangerous to the human family."—"Rats do not die on the premises, but come out and die."—"A sure, safe and speedy remedy,"—used by thousands in New York and elsewhere.—"Hotels, Ships, Steamboats, Boarding Houses, Public Institutions, &c., cannot do without it."

"COSTAR'S"

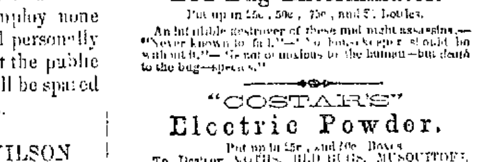
Bed Bug Exterminator.

Put up in 25c., 50c., 75c., and $1 Bottles.
An infallible destroyer of these most night assassins.—"Never known to fail."—"No housekeeper should be without it."—"Is not poisonous to the human—but death to the bug—species."

"COSTAR'S"

Electric Powder.

Put up in 25c., and 50c. Boxes
To Destroy MOTHS, BED BUGS, MUSQUITOES, ANTS, FLEAS, PLANT INSECTS, VERMIN ON FOWLS and ANIMALS, &c.—"Invaluable preparation to Farmers."—"Unsurpassed by any other."—"Enjoying an immense popularity everywhere."



I.

The above are now acknowledged the **Only Infallible Remedies!**

Terms, Cash—par funds in New York. Pro rata sent on commission. ... furnished on application.

II.

To Druggists and Dealers

In places where the Exterminators have not yet been introduced "Costar's" makes to Special Proposition: 1—On orders for a Single Dozen (or a trial) the one of Gross Prices will be given. 2—On all orders for $20 worth and over, *a discount of* ... ☞Send for "Costar's" Private Circular, to *Druggists and Dealers.*

III.

To the People.

If no *Druggist* or *Dealer* in your place keeps a supply of the Exterminators a Sample Box of the *Rat, Roach, &c.* Exterminator will be sent to you by mail, prepaid, on receipt of $1, or a Sample Box of the *Electric Powder* for 50c. *The Bed Bug Exterminator* being a liquid cannot be sent through the mail, but where a supply is required, the *Electric Powder* will be found an effectual substitute.

IV.

To protect the Public against *Spurious* and *Highly Pernicious Imitations* a NEW LABEL has been prepared, bearing a *fac-simile* of the Proprietor's signature:

Henry R. Costar

Sold Wholesale and Retail at "COSTAR'S" **Principal Depot, No. 388 Broadway, New York,** and by respectable *Druggists* and *Dealers* throughout the United States, the Canadas, Mexico, West Indies and South America.

Sold also, by
A. D. BUEHLER.
Gettysburg, Pa., Aug. 9. eow4m

Still Coming.

ANOTHER large supply of New Goods is now being opened at Schick's, to which the attention of the public is invited. It is useless to particularize; we need only say they can't be surpassed in variety, style and price. Come and see. J. L. SCHICK.

GENTLEMEN, do you wish to select from a large and handsome variety of Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, &c.? If you do call at SCHICK'S.

JEWELRY & STATIONERY—any quantity and the best stock ever brought to his place. If you doubt it call in and see for yourselves—at SCHICK'S.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS!!—At SCHICK'S, Printed Cashmere Shawls, Stella, Crape, Thibet, Delaine

CIGARS AND TOBACCO—A large supply of all kinds, just received at
J. C. GUINN & BRO'S.

FRESH FRUITS,

GROCERIES, NOTIONS, &C.

Fruits.—Fruits of every description, as follows—Layer Rasins, Figs, Oranges, Lemons, Dates, Palm Nuts, Filberts, hard and paper shell Almonds, Pea nuts, &c.

Groceries.—A good assortment of Sugars—Loaf, Brown, Powdered and Crushed, Coffee, N. O. Molasses, Syrups of the best quality, Rice, Soda, Starch, Teas, Cinnamon, (ground and unground,) Cloves, Mustard, &c.

Perfumery.—Perfumery of every description, which will be sold low for *Cash.*

Lemon Syrup.—A large lot just received. Any one desiring a cheap, pleasant and healthy drink will do well by purchasing this Syrup.

Tobacco.—All the various kinds of Tobacco, Cigars and Snuff, for sale by Wm. Boyer & Son.

Vinegar.—We have a good quality, as all will say who have tried it.

WM. BOYER & SON.
April 26.

LINDSEY'S IMPROVED

BLOOD SEARCHER,

The only Acknowledged Remedial Agent for Impurity of the Blood, that does its work thoroughly, effectually, and without fail!

THIS great PURIFIER, now before the public but a few years, has already won a name and reputation unexampled in the history of any medicine ever invented. The ingredients composing it are simple, yet in combination all powerful in driving disease from the human system. It cures Scrofula, Cutaneous Diseases, Pimples on the face, Old and Stubborn Ulcers, Tetter affections, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Mercurial Diseases, Liver Complaint, Low Spirits, Cancerous formations, Erysipelas, Boils, Sore Eyes, Scald Head, Rheumatic Disorders, Costiveness, Salt Rheum, General Debility, Loss of Appetite, Foul Stomach, Female Complaints, and all Diseases having their origin in an impure state of the Blood.

Every Agent who has this medicine for sale has circulars on hand containing certificates from persons who have been cured by its use. Many of them are desperate cases, and commend themselves to the attention of those afflicted with any of the above diseases. The following certificate alone is selected, as carrying with it the most indubitable evidence of the virtues of this wonderful medicine.

Sworn statement of David McCreary, of Napier Township, Bedford county:

In April 1855, as near as I can remember, a small pimple made its appearance on my upper lip, which soon became enlarged and sore. I used poultices of sorrel, and a wash of blue vitriol, without effect. Finding the sore extending, I called on Dr. Ely of Schellsburg, who pronounced it CANCER and prescribed a wash of sugar of lead and bread poultices. Finding these remedies of no avail, I called upon Dr. Shaffer, of Davidsville, Somerset county, who also pronounced the disease Cancer, and gave me internal and external remedies—the latter consisting principally of caustic; but all to no purpose, as the disease continued spreading toward the nose. I next used a preparation of arsenic in the form of salve. This for a time checked the disease, but the inflammation soon increased. I next called upon Dr. Statler, of St. Clairsville, Bedford county, who also pronounced the disease Cancer, and applied a salve said to be a never-failing remedy, but it had no effect whatever in checking the spread of the sore. In December of the same year, the disease had eaten away a greater part of my upper lip, and had attacked the nose, when I went to Cincinnati, where I consulted Prof. R. S. Newton, of the Eclectic Medical College. He pronounced the disease "a cutaneous Cancer, superinduced by an inordinate use of mercury." He applied mild zinc ointment, and gave me internal remedies. My face healed up, but the inflammation was not thoroughly removed. In February 1857, he pronounced me cured, and I left for home. In April the disease again returned, and so violent was the pain that I could not rest at night. Late in May I returned to Cincinnati, and again placed myself under the charge of Dr. Newton, with whom I remained until September, during which time he used every known remedy, and partly succeeded in checking the disease, but when I returned home there were still three discharging ulcers upon my face. I continued using Newton's preparations, and also medicine that I got from Dr. Ely, but the Cancer continued growing until it had EAT OFF THE LEFT SIDE OF MY NOSE, THE GREATER PORTION OF MY LEFT CHEEK, AND HAD ATTACKED MY LEFT EYE. I had given up all hope of ever being cured, since Dr. Ely said he could only give relief; but that a cure was impossible. In March 1858, I bought a bottle of "Blood Searcher;" but I must confess that I had no faith in it. I was very weak when I commenced taking it; but I found that I gained strength day by day, and also that the ulcers commenced drying up. I continued, and when the third bottle was taken my face was healed as if by a miracle. I used a fourth bottle, and I have been healthier since than I have been for the last seven years. Although my face is sadly disfigured, I am still grateful to a benign Providence who has spared my life, and which has been done through the instrumentality of LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER.

DAVID McCREARY.

Sworn and subscribed, this 31st day of August, A. D. 1858, before me, one of the Justices of the peace, in and for the Borough of Hollidaysburg, Blair county, Pa.

Witness—U. J. Jones. JOHN GORLEY, J. P.

For Sale by A. D. Buehler, Gettysburg; Simon S. Forney do; Rhinehart & Sullivan, Fairfield; H. E. Miller, East Berlin; Peter Boyer, Hampton; Joseph Haler, Abbottstown; Paxton & McCreary, Fairfield; D. R. Stonesifer Littlestown; Israel Shank, Cashtown; Jacob Fulweiler, Mummasburg; P. A. Myers, Newchester; J. A. Harper, Greenmount; John Rebert, Two Taverns, all of Adams county.

LINDSEY & LEMON, Proprietors Hollidaysburg Pa.
Jan 24. 6m

THE GREAT BEAUTIFIER,

So long unsuccessfully sought, FOUND AT LAST!

FOR IT RESTORES PERMANENTLY gray hair to its original color; covers luxuriantly the bald head, removes all dandruff, itching and all scrofula, scald head and all eruptions; makes the hair soft, healthy, and glossy; and will preserve it to an imaginable age, removes as if by magic, all blotches, &c., from the face, and cures all neuralgia and nervous headache. See circular and the following

DOVER, N. H., Feb. 2d, 1857.

PROF. O. J. WOOD & CO.—Gents: Within a few days we have received so many orders and calls for Prof. O. J. Wood's Hair Restorative, that to day we were compelled to send to Boston for a quantity (the 6 dozen you forwarded all being sold,) while we might order a quantity from you. EVERY BOTTLE WE HAVE SOLD SEEMS TO HAVE PRODUCED THREE OR FOUR NEW CUSTOMERS and the approbation, and patronage it receives from the most substantial and worthy citizens of our vicinity, fully convince us that it is A MOST VALUABLE PREPARATION.

Send us as soon as may be one gross of $1 size; and one dozen $2 size; and believe us very respectfully.

(Signed) DANIEL LATHROP & Co.

HICKORY GROVE, St. Charles Co., Mo., Nov. 19, 1856.

PROF O. J. WOOD—Dear Sir: Some time last summer we were induced to use some of your Hair Restorative, and its effects were so wonderful, we feel it our duty to you and the afflicted, to report it.

Our little son's head for some time had been perfectly covered with sores, and some called it scald head. The hair almost entirely came off in consequence, when a friend, seeing his sufferings, advised us to use your Restorative; we did so with little hope of success, but, to our surprise, and that of all our friends a very few applications removed the disease entirely, and a new and luxuriant crop of hair soon started out, and we can now say that our boy has as healthy a scalp and as luxuriant a crop of hair as any other child. We can therefore, and do hereby recommend your Restorative, as a perfect remedy for all diseases of the scalp and hair. We are, yours respectfully

GEORGE W. HIGGINBOTHAN.
SARAH A. HIGGINBOTHAN

PROF. O. J. WOOD—Dear Sir: I have used two bottles of Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative and can truly say it is the greatest discovery of the age for restoring and changing the Hair. Before using it I was a man of seventy. My hair has now attained its original color. You can recommend it to the world without the least fear, as my case was one of the worst kind. Yours Respectfully,

DANIEL N. MURPHY

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors 312 Broadway, New York, (in the great N. Y. Wire, Railing Establishment,) and 114 Market St., St. Louis, Mo. And sold by all good Druggists.

Nov. 15. 3m

CUCUMBER Pickles and good Vinegar by *Gillespie & Thomas.*

REMOVAL.

New House & New Goods.

JACOBS & BROTHER

HAVE removed their Merchant Tailoring Establishment to the splendid new three-story house on the north side of Chambersburg street, adjoining Bringman & Aughinbaugh's, where they will continue business on a larger scale than ever.

Their stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Vestings, &c., &c., has been largely increased, and they are prepared to sell *as low as the lowest*—defying all competition. Give them a call and examine their assortment before purchasing elsewhere. No trouble to show goods.

Clothing made up on short notice and in the very best and most tasteful manner.—With their long practical experience in the business, and a desire to please, they hope to be able to give satisfaction in all cases.

CALL! ONE AND ALL!
Gettysburg, March 29, 1858.

DR. S. FELLER'S FAMILY MEDICINES

ARE the only preparations of the kind placed before the public under the name of ECLECTIC. They are called Eclectic because they are carefully and scientifically selected—the BEST from all the GOOD—and approved by the most scientific men in the United States. They do not contain any Mercury, Antimony, or Opium, or anything that would be deleterious to the most delicate constitution.

All who understand the curing of disease know that medicines only assist nature, and unless they act and harmonize with nature, disease cannot be cured. Want of a proper knowledge of these facts causes many of our fellow citizens to go down to an untimely grave.

I can therefore recommend this preparation with the utmost confidence, and am fully persuaded, from past experience at the bed-side of the sick, that it will give very general, if not universal satisfaction. Yet, at the same time, I do not pretend to say that it is a CURE ALL, or that it is, in all cases and circumstances, infallible. For when a remedy is set forth as "Cure-All," "Infallible," &c., the conclusion with me is irresistible, that the proprietor himself believes his remedy to be a humbug, and designed from the start to deceive the public.

SAMUEL CRONCE.

Wholesale Agent, York Sulphur Springs, Adams county, Pa., and for sale by Dr. Buehler, Gettysburg; J. S. Hollinger, Heidlersburg; Jacob King, Hunterstown; and Jacob A. Gardner, Petersburg.

We would say to the public, that all we want is a fair trial, and it will recommend itself.

Jan. 17. tf

THE LIVER

INVIGORATOR!

PREPARED BY DR. SANFORD.

Compounded entirely from GUMS,

IS ONE OF THE BEST PURGATIVE AND LIVER MEDICINES now before the public, that acts as a *Cathartic*, easier, milder, and more effectual than any other medicine known. It is not only a *Cathartic*, but a *Liver* remedy, acting first on the *Liver* to eject its morbid matter, then on the stomach and bowels to carry off that matter, thus accomplishing two purposes effectually, without any of the painful feelings experienced in the operations of most *Cathartics*. It strengthens the system at the same time that it purges it; and when taken daily in moderate doses, will strengthen and build it up with unusual rapidity.

The Liver is one of the principal regulators of the human body, and when it performs its functions well, the powers of the system are fully developed. The *stomach* is almost entirely dependent on the healthy action of the *Liver* for the proper performance of its functions; when the whole system suffers in consequence of one organ—the Liver—having ceased to do its duty. For the diseases of that organ, one of the proprietors has made it his study, in a practice of more than twenty years, to find some remedy wherewith to counteract the many derangements to which it is liable.

To prove that this remedy is at last found, any person troubled with Liver Complaint, in any of its forms has but to try a bottle, and conviction is certain.

These Gums remove all morbid or bad matter from the system, supplying in their place a healthy flow of bile, invigorating the stomach, causing food to digest well, purifying the blood, giving tone and health to the whole machinery, removing the cause of the disease—effecting a radical cure.

Bilious attacks are cured and, what is better, prevented, by the occasional use of the Liver Invigorator.

One dose after eating is sufficient to relieve the stomach and prevent the food from rising and souring.

Only one dose taken before retiring, prevents nightmare.

Only one dose taken at night, loosens the bowels gently, and cures Costiveness.

One dose taken after each meal will cure dyspepsia.

☞One dose of two tea spoonsful will relieve Sick Headache.

One bottle taken for female obstruction removes the cause of the disease, and makes a perfect cure.

Only one dose immediately relieves Cholic while one dose often repeated is a sure cure for Cholera Morbus, and a preventive of Cholera.

☞Only one bottle is needed to throw out of the system the effects of medicine after a long sickness.

☞One bottle taken for Jaundice removes all sallowness or unnatural color from the skin.

One dose taken a short time before eating gives vigor to the appetite, and makes food digest well.

One dose often repeated cures Chronic Diarrhoea in its worst forms, while Summer and Bowel complaints yield almost to the first dose.

One or two doses cures attacks caused by Worms in Children: there is no surer, safer, or speedier remedy in the world, as it *never fails.*

☞A few bottles cures Dropsy, by exciting the absorbents.

We take pleasure in recommending this medicine as a preventive for Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, and all Fevers of a Bilious Type. It operates with certainty, and thousands are willing to testify to its wonderful virtues.

All who use it are giving their unanimous testimony in its favor.

☞Mix Water in the mouth with the Invigorator, and swallow both together.

The Liver Invigorator

IS A SCIENTIFIC MEDICAL DISCOVERY, and is daily working cures, almost too great to believe. It cures as if by magic, *even the first dose giving benefit*, and seldom more than one bottle is required to cure any kind of Liver Complaint, from the worst *Jaundice* or *Dyspepsia* to a common *Headache*, all of which are the result of a Diseased Liver.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

Dr. SANFORD Proprietor 345 Broadway, New York.
And retailed by all Druggists.
May 17. 1y

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

MANTILLAS—Cheap and fashionable, at MISS McCREARY'S.

Scrofula, or King's Evil,

is a constitutional disease, a corruption of the blood, by which this fluid becomes vitiated, weak, and poor. Being in the circulation, it pervades the whole body, and may burst out in disease on any part of it. No organ is free from its attacks, nor is there one which it may not destroy. The scrofulous taint is variously caused by mercurial disease, low living, disordered or unhealthy food, impure air, filth and filthy habits, the depressing vices, and, above all, by the venereal infection. Whatever be its origin, it is hereditary in the constitution, descending "from parents to children unto the third and fourth generation;" indeed, it seems to be the rod of Him who says, "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children."

Its effects commence by deposition from the blood of corrupt or ulcerous matter, which, in the lungs, liver, and internal organs, is termed tubercles; in the glands, swellings; and on the surface, eruptions or sores. This foul corruption, which genders in the blood, depresses the energies of life, so that scrofulous constitutions not only suffer from scrofulous complaints, but they have far less power to withstand the attacks of other diseases; consequently, vast numbers perish by disorders which, although not scrofulous in their nature, are still rendered fatal by this taint in the system. Most of the consumption which decimates the human family has its origin directly in this scrofulous contamination; and many destructive diseases of the liver, kidneys, brain, and, indeed, of all the organs, arise from or are aggravated by the same cause.

One quarter of all our people are scrofulous; their persons are invaded by this lurking infection, and their health is undermined by it. To cleanse it from the system we must renovate the blood by an alterative medicine, and invigorate it by healthy food and exercise. Such a medicine we supply in

AYER'S

Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla,

the most effectual remedy which the medical skill of our times can devise for this every where prevailing and fatal malady. It is combined from the most active remedials that have been discovered for the expurgation of this foul disorder from the blood, and the rescue of the system from its destructive consequences. Hence it should be employed for the cure of not only scrofula, but also those other affections which arise from it, such as ERUPTIVE and SKIN DISEASES, ST. ANTHONY'S FIRE, ROSE, or ERYSIPELAS, PIMPLES, PUSTULES, BLOTCHES, BLAINS and BOILS, TUMORS, TETTER and SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, RINGWORM, RHEUMATISM, SYPHILITIC and MERCURIAL DISEASES, DROPSY, DYSPEPSIA, DEBILITY, and, indeed, ALL COMPLAINTS ARISING FROM VITIATED OR IMPURE BLOOD. The popular belief in "*impurity of the blood*" is founded in truth, for scrofula is a degeneration of the blood. The particular purpose and virtue of this Sarsaparilla is to purify and regenerate this vital fluid, without which sound health is impossible in contaminated constitutions.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A FAMILY PHYSIC,

are so composed that disease within the range of their action can rarely withstand or evade them. Their penetrating properties search, and cleanse, and invigorate every portion of the human organism, correcting its diseased action, and restoring its healthy vitalities. As a consequence of these properties, the invalid who is bowed down with pain or physical debility is astonished to find his health or energy restored by a remedy at once so simple and inviting.

Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of every body, but also many formidable and dangerous diseases. The agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis my American Almanac, containing certificates of their cures and directions for their use in the following complaints: *Costiveness, Heartburn, Headache arising from disordered Stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Pain in and Morbid Inaction of the Bowels, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice*, and other kindred complaints, arising from a low state of the body or obstruction of its functions.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stages of the disease.

So wide is the field of its usefulness and so numerous are the cases of its cures, that almost every section of country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried, its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs that are incident to our climate. While many inferior remedies thrust upon the community have failed and been discarded, this has gained friends by every trial, conferred benefits on the afflicted they can never forget, and produced cures too numerous and too remarkable to be forgotten.

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.

LOWELL, MASS.

And for sale by

Dr. Buehler, Gettysburg; T. J. Cooper, Cashtown; Paxton & Co. Fairfield; M. M. Stoner, Waynesboro, and all Druggists.

Sept 20. 1y

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,

PHILADELPHIA.

A Benevolent Institution established by special Endowment for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases

THE HOWARD ASSOCIATION, in view of the awful destruction of human life, caused by Sexual diseases, and the deception practiced upon the unfortunate victims of such diseases by Quacks, several years ago directed their Consulting Surgeon, as a CHARITABLE ACT worthy of their name, to open a Dispensary for the treatment of this class of diseases, in all their forms, and to give Medical Advice Gratis to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.), and in cases of extreme poverty, to FURNISH MEDICINES FREE OF CHARGE. It is needless to add that the Association commands the highest Medical skill of the age, and will furnish the most approved modern treatment.

The Directors of the Association, in their Annual Report upon the treatment of Sexual Diseases, for the year ending January 1st, 1858, express the highest satisfaction with the success which has attended the labors of the Consulting Surgeon in the cure of Spermatorrhoea, Seminal Weakness, Impotence, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Syphilis, the vice of Onanism or Self-abuse, &c., and order a continuance of the same plan for the ensuing year.

The Directors, on a review of the past, feel assured that their labors in this sphere of benevolent effort have been of great benefit to the afflicted, especially to the young, and they have resolved to devote themselves, with renewed zeal, to this very important and much despised cause.

An admirable Report on Spermatorrhoea, or Seminal Weakness, the vice of Onanism, Masturbation, or Self-abuse, and other diseases of the sexual organs, by the Consulting Surgeon, will be sent by mail (in a sealed envelope) FREE OF CHARGE, on receipt of two Stamps for postage. Other Reports and Tracts on the nature and treatment of sexual diseases, diet, &c., are constantly being published for gratuitous distribution and will be sent to the afflicted. Some of the new remedies and methods of treatment discovered during the last year, are of great value.

Address, for Report or treatment, Dr. J. Skillon Houghton, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. By order of the Directors.

EZRA D. HEARTWELL, Pres't.
GEO. FAIRCHILD, Sec'y.
Oct. 8. 1y

NewspaperARCHIVE.com
NewspaperARCHIVE.com